iEM-RS Series Modbus RS485

Integrated Stepper Motor User Manual



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Notice

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- **♦** Thank you for purchasing Leadshine iEM-RS Series Products
- ♦ Please read this manual carefully before operating
- Please keep this manual appropriately

Record of Revisions

Manual Reversion	Data	Description of Release
V1.0	02/25/2022	Initial Release
V1.1	10/20/2022	Modify the torque of some models



Safety Precautions

Overall Notes



- Do not remove the housing with the drive powered on. Cables. Connectors and optional equipment.
- Please disconnect the power supply for at least 2 minutes and make sure the power indicator is off before wiring and checking. Even if the power is disconnected, voltage may remain inside the drive. Therefore, do not touch the power terminals while the power indicator is on.



- Please use the power supply specifications (number of phases.) that match the product. Voltage. Frequency. AC/DC).
- Be sure to connect the ground terminal of the driver (mounting surface) and motor to the ground pole.
- Do not damage or drag the cable, do not overstress the cable, do not hang heavy objects on the cable, or get caught in the cabinet door.
- Please do not disassemble the product yourself. Repair or modification.
- When the machine is connected to the machine and starts to operate, make sure that the machine is ready for emergency stop.
- Do not touch the inside of the drive.



- The heat sink of the driver may be hot when the power is on or when the power is just cut off. The motor, etc. may be in a high temperature. Take safety measures such as installing a cover to prevent accidental touching by hands and parts (cables, etc.).
- Use double-insulated or reinforced insulation for control power.
- Do not use in places where water can be splashed. Corrosive environments. Do not use the product in the vicinity of flammable gases and combustible materials
- Do not use damaged. Drivers and motors with missing parts.
- Please set up an emergency stop circuit externally to ensure that the power can be cut off and the operation can be stopped immediately in case of an abnormality.
- If the product is used under poor power conditions, install protection equipment (AC reactor, etc.) to ensure that the input power is supplied within the specified voltage variation range.
- Please use a noise filter to reduce the influence of electromagnetic interference.
- The driver and motor should be used in the specified combination.

Precautions for Storage and Transportation



- Please follow the Commands on the packaging for storage and do not overload the product.
- Please place this product in the following environment:
 - → No direct sunlight in the place.
 - → Ambient temperature does not exceed the product specification.
 - → Humidity does not exceed product specifications. Without condensation.
 - → No corrosive gases. Place of flammable gas.
 - → Dust. Dust. The place where there is less salt and metal powder.
 - → No water. Oil. The place where the splash of medicine, etc. occurs.
 - → Vibration or shock does not exceed product specifications.
 - → No equipment generating strong magnetic fields in the vicinity.



Precautions for Installation



- Please install the drive in a cabinet that provides fire protection. Electrical protection in the control cabinet.
- Please install the driver and motor in a position with sufficient weight resistance.
- Please install this product in the following environment:
 - → No direct sunlight in the place.
 - → Ambient temperature does not exceed the product specification.
 - → Humidity does not exceed product specifications. Without condensation.
 - → No corrosive gases. Place of flammable gas.
 - → Dust. Dust. The place where there is less salt and metal powder.
 - → No water. Oil. The place where the splash of medicine, etc. occurs.
 - → Vibration or shock does not exceed product specifications.
 - → No equipment generating strong magnetic fields in the vicinity.
- Do not block the air inlet and exhaust ports, and do not allow foreign objects to enter the drive and motor.
- Do not step on the product or place heavy objects on the drive.
- Please install the driver in the specified direction.
- Make sure to keep the specified intervals between the inner surfaces of the drive control cabinet and other machines.

Precautions for Wiring



- To prevent accidents, perform a test run of the servo motor at no load (without the driver connected).
- When you install the machine and start operation, please set the user parameters in advance to match the machine.
- Positive limit (POT) during JOG operation and zero return operation. The signal of negative limit (NOT) is not valid.
- When using the motor on a vertical axis, please provide a safety device to avoid dropping the workpiece in case of alarm or over travel.
- When an alarm occurs, please reset it after investigating the cause and making sure it is safe.
- Do not use the brake of the holding motor for normal braking.

Precautions during operation



- Do not pass the solenoid contactor in the wiring between the driver and the motor
- Please connect the power terminal and motor terminal firmly.
- Keep a minimum distance of 10mm between the drive and the control cabinet or other equipment.
- Allow at least 30mm of wiring space above and below the driver.
- Signal cable. The encoder cable should be a twisted shielded cable with the shield grounded at both ends.
- The wiring length of the encoder is up to 20m.
- Reduce the frequency of power on/off as much as possible.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Product Introduction

iEM-RS Series is an integrated stepper motor integrated drive, and based on standard Modbus RTU protocol, using RS485 communication can network up to 31 axes. Its built-in PR feature with 16-segment position table (PR Mode) can save additional controllers in most of point-to-point applications, to greatly enhance system reliability and reduce the cost.

The iEM-RS series motors are highly reliable and affordable and performs excellently in many industrial applications such as solar equipment, textile, civil, robotics, power generation equipment, 3C, packaging...

1.2 Features

- Low noise and vibration, smooth motion
- Support Modbus RTU protocol, Internal 16-segment position Commands
- Motion can be started by External IO or RS485 or HMI
- Support operation modes: Profile Position, Profile Velocity, Homing
- 7 configurable digital inputs, 3 optically isolated digital outputs
- iEM-RS17xx: 20-36VDC supply voltage, max output current 3.0A peak iEM-RS23xx: 20-50VDC supply voltage, max output current 7.0A peak
- RS232 port for tuning software connection, RS485 port for motion control
- Protections for over voltage, over current, etc.

Compare with Step/Direction

- Built-in single-axis control can save the PLC in most of point-to-point applications to reduce cost;
- Built-in rich diagnostic functions and input and output signals to setup easily;
- Modbus brings more expansion possibility to add value;

1.3 Application Scenarios

Divided into simple hands-on tuning and practical application scenarios

1.3.1 Hands-on Tuning

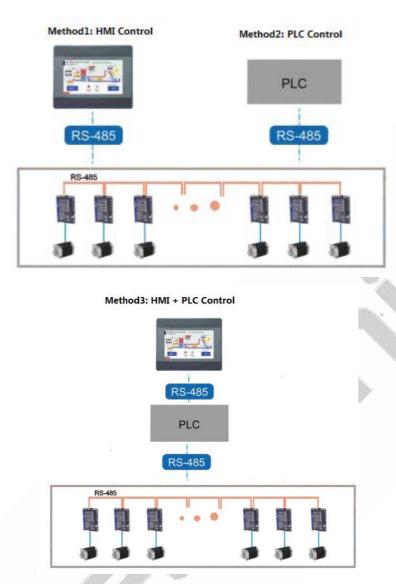
- (1) The trial run can be performed with Leadshine's MS tuning software, which requires Leadshine's tuning software, RS232 tuning cable (provided by Leadshine), RS232toUSB converter, drive and motor, as described in section 6.1
- (2) Simple motion can also be performed with serial port tools, which requires General serial port tools software, RS485 tuning cable (User-provided), RS485toUSB converter, drive and motor, as described in section 6.2.

1.3.2 Practical Application Scenarios

(1) Controlled by Modbus RS485 (PLC or HMI)

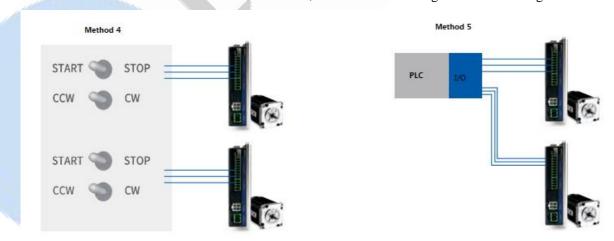
The RS485 (Modbus-RTU protocol) communication triggers the drive's PR motion register, which can realize the drive's path motion. Both PLC and HMI have RS485 communication, so user can choose one or both. Using PLC can write more complex programs to let motion more intelligent, and the HMI can monitor and modify the drive parameters in real time.





(2) Controlled by I/O (switch signal or PLC)

The user only needs to turn off the switch signal to realize the PR motion, which is simple to control and low-cost design. Users can also use PLC I/O module to realize PR motion, which is more intelligent than switch signal control.



Note: The above drive pictures are for reference only, it is actually an integrated stepper motor with drive.



2 Specifications

2.1 Electrical and Operating Specifications

Model	Frame Size	Length (mm)	Holding Torque (N.m)	Weight (Kg)	Command Source	Power Voltage (VDC)	Peak Current (A)	Input Logical Voltage	Output Capability	Max Baud Rate	Digital Input	Digital Output
iEM-RS1706	NEMA	73	0.4	1.0		20-36	0.3 - 3.0					
iEM-RS1708	17	86	0.8	1.1	M II DTH	20-36	0.3 - 3.0	10.0437	24V@	115200	2	
iEM-RS2313	NEMA	78	1.3	1.1	Modbus-RTU	20-50	0.5 - 4.5	12-24V	100mA	115200	3	L
iEM-RS2323	23	99	1.9	1.4		20-50	0.5 - 7.0					

2.2 Storage and Installation Conditions

2.2.1 Storage condition

- Correctly packaged and store in a clean and dry environment where direct sunlight is avoided.
- Store within an ambient temperature ranging from -20° C to $-+65^{\circ}$ C (-4 F 149 F).
- Store within a relative humidity ranging from 40% to 90% and non-condensed.
- Avoid any type of exposure to corrosive gases.

2.2.2 Operating ambience conditions

- Temperature ranging from 0°C to 50°C. The ambient temperature of drive for long-term reliability should be under 40°C. Please install the drive in a well-ventilated area.
- Operation within a relative humidity ranging from 40% to 90% and non-condensed.
- Vibration lower than 0.15mm at a frequency of 10Hz-55Hz.

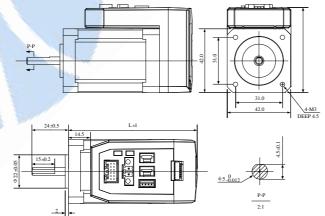




- DO NOT mount the drive and motor in a location subjected to corrosive or flammable gases, and combustibles.
- Please mount the drive and motor in an indoor electric control cabinet without liquid where direct sunlight is avoided.
- DO NOT mount the drive and motor in a location subjected to airborne dust.
- Please ensure grounding wires are securely connected

2.3 Dimensions

(unit: mm [1inch=25.4mm])



Models	Length
iEM-RS1706	73 mm
iEM-RS1708	86 mm



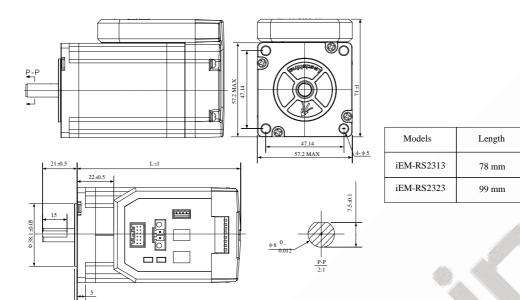
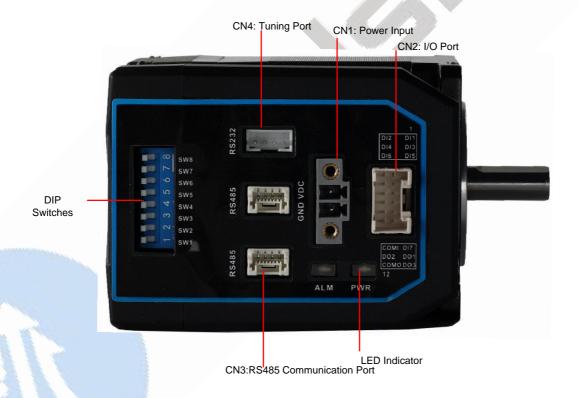


Figure 1: Mechanical specifications

3 Interface and Connection

3.1 Interface



3.1.1 Connectors Definition

Name	Description
CN1	Input power connector
CN2	Digital inputs and outputs connector
CN3	RS485 communication connector
CN4	RS232 tuning connector



Salve ID: SW1-SW5

DIP Switch Baud Rate: SW6-SW7

Terminal Resistance: SW8

3.1.2 CN1 &CN2 Input Power Connector

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal	Description	
CN1		1	VDC	20V- 36V	
		2	GND	GND	

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal	I/O	Description
		1	DI1	I	
		2	DI2	I	
		3	DI3	I	Configurable Single-ended Digital
		4	DI4	I	Inputs DI1-DI7, 12V - 24V.
		5	DI5	I	DI1 is enabling signal default,
CN2		6	DI6	I	DI2-DI7 are GPIOs
CNZ		7	DI7	I	
		8	COMI	I	
		9	DO1	О	Configurable Single-ended Outputs
		10	DO2	О	Signals DO1-DO3 (common-cathode
		11	DO3	О	or common-anode),
		12	СОМО	О	Max. 24V/100mA, GPIOs.

Note:

- (1) DI1 is normally closed, default by Enable signal. It means the motor is locked shaft after the driver powered on.
- (2) When using Brake output signals, you need to connect a relay and a diode

3.1.2 CN3-RS485 Communication Connector

Name	Pic	PIN	Description
CN3		1	RS485 +
		2	RS485 -
		3,4	GND

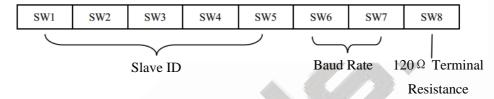


3.1.3 CN4-RS232 Tuning Port

Name	Pic	PIN	Signal
CN4	3 2 1	1	NC
		2	TxD
		3	GND
		4	RxD

3.1.4 DIP Switches

The iEM-RS series use an 8-bit DIP switched to set Salve ID (also called Site Alias), Baud Rate and Terminal Resistance, they are shown as below:



(1) Slave ID: SW1-SW5 (off=1, on=0)

1) Slave ID. 5 11 1-5 1	(E (OH=1, OH=0)					
Slave ID	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4	SW5	
default	on	on	on	on	on	
1 (factory)	off	on	on	on	on	
2	on	off	on	on	on	
3	off	off	on	on	on	
4	on	on	off	on	on	
5	off	on	off	on	on	
6	on	off	off	on	on	
7	off	off	off	on	on	
8	on	on	on	off	on	
9	off	on	on	off	on	
10	on	off	on	off	on	
11	off	off	on	off	on	
12	on	on	off	off	on	
13	off	on	off	off	on	
14	on	off	off	off	on	
15	off	off	off	off	on	
16	on	on	on	on	off	
17	off	on	on	on	off	
18	on	off	on	on	off	
19	off	off	on	on	off	



20	on	on	off	on	off
21	off	on	off	on	off
22	on	off	off	on	off
23	off	off	off	on	off
24	on	on	on	off	off
25	off	on	on	off	off
26	on	off	on	off	off
27	off	off	on	off	off
28	on	on	off	off	off
29	off	on	off	off	off
30	on	off	off	off	off
31	off	off	off	off	off

Note:

(1) When the SW1-SW5 is default (all are on), the Slave ID can be configured by the PC software

(2) Baud Rate: SW6 - SW7

Baud Rate	SW6	SW7
115200 (Default)	on	on
38400 (Factory)	off	on
19200	on	off
9600	off	off

Note:

(1) When the SW6-SW7 is default (all are off), the Baud Rate can be configured by the PC software

(3) Terminal Resistance Selection: SW8

SW8=ON: terminal resistance is valid;

SW8=OFF: terminal resistance is invalid (Factory setting)

Note:

(1) The last slave in the network needs to connect a 120Ω terminal resistance, it means set the SW8 to on

3.2 Wiring Instructions



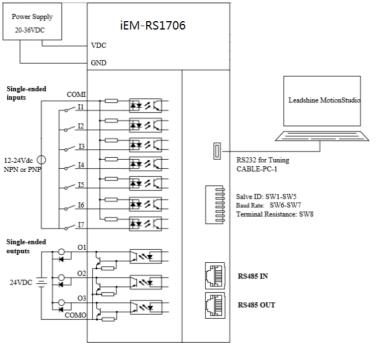
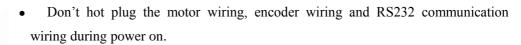


Figure 3.1 Wiring Instructions

Note:

- (1) There are two RS485 communication ports above, one of them is input port which connects with master station or previous slave, and the other is output port which connects with the following slave.
- (2) Single-ended inputs I1, I2, I3, I4, I5, I6 and I7 connection types can be common-cathode and common-anode.
- (3) Single-ended outputs connection type is common-anode

CAUTION





- Be sure to check the connections and make sure the power lead polarity is correct, or there could result in injury or fire.
- Be sure wait for 5 minutes or longer to touch drives after turning off power
- Be sure to give the power supply voltage dose not exceed the drive's input range.
- If using a motor with small phase current, be sure to modify the driver output current before enabling the motor

3.2.1 Power Supply Cable

- Wire diameter: +VDC, GND terminal wire diameter≥0.3mm² (AWG15-22)
- A noise filter which can improve anti-interference performance is recommended to be connected between power supply and drive.

3.2.2 I/O Signal Cable

- Wire diameter: I1 I7, O1 O3, COM wires diameter \geq 0.12mm² (AWG24-26)
- Recommend to adopt shielded twisted pair cable with a length of less than 3 meters (the shorter the better).
- Wiring: As far as possible away from the power line wiring, in order to prevent interference
- Please connect surge absorber to inductive device, such as anti-parallel diode for DC coil, parallel RC-snubbers circuit for AC coil.



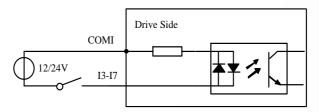
3.2.3 RS485 Communication Cable

Leadshine can provide specific network cable CABLE-TX*M*-ISV2, the maximum length is 20meter, user can also made by yourself, please contact Leadshine for the part number of connector.

3.3 I/O Connection

3.3.1 Digital Inputs

The connections of input signals are as below:



COMI: can be connected to 12 / 24 V (common-anode), or 0 V (common-catho

Figure 3.3: Input Interface Connection

3.3.2 Digital Output

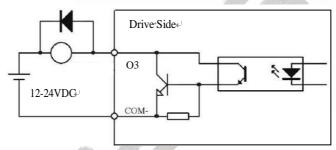


Figure 3.4: Output Interface Wiring

Note:

- (1) The power supply (12-24VDC) above is provided by user, and if the polarity of power supply is reversed, it will damage the drive.
- (2) Digital output is OC output with the maximum capacity of 100mA/24V (recommended 50mA/24V), the provided power supply should be under 30V (recommended 24V), otherwise it will cause damage to the drive.



4 Modbus RTU

4.1 Communication Specifications

Item	ıs	Specifications		Remarks
	Communication Port	RS485 and RS232	2	RS232 only for fine tuning RS485 for motion control
n	Baud Rate	9600/19200/3840	0/115200[bps]	Parameter setting
Communication	Synchronous Mode	Start / Stop Synch	ronization	-
nuuu	Communication Mode	Half-duplex, Mass	ter-slave Mode	Slave/slave communication is prohibited
υ D	Character Composition	Starting bit:1bit Data length:8bit Check bit: even/ o Stop bit:0/1/2	odd/ no	Parameter setting
	Communicating Protocol	Modbus RTU		ASCII is not supported
	Slave ID	0: broadcast 1-31: valid sub-devices Numbers		Parameter setting
		Function code (FC)	Function	
Protocol	Function code	0x03	Read single or multiple data	_
Pr	(FC)	0x06	Write value to single data	
		0x10	Write value to multiple data	
	Check Mode	CRC-16		Left is Low-bit, Right is high-bit
	Message Length	Variable, the max	length is 200byte	-

Single message communication rate of RS485: (Unit: ms)

Baud rate	Start receiving to send completion time	Receive wait time	Time from transmission completion to recovery of receiving state	Total
115200	2.44	0.64	0.6	3.08
38400	5.5	1.16	0.46	7.12
19200	10.76	2.2	0.38	13.34
9600	20.5	3.8	0.6	24.9

4.2 Modbus Function Codes (FC)

The current supported function codes as below:

	F	
Function Code (FC)	Туре	Description



03	Read Holding Registers	Requests content of holding registers
06	Preset Single Register	Writes to single holding register
10	Preset Multiple Registers	Writes to multiple holding register

4.2.1 Read Holding Registers FC= 03

Read Holding Registers Query (Master to Slave)			Read Holding Registers Response (Slave to Master)		
Slave ID	00 - 1F		Slaver ID	00 - 1F	
FC	03		FC	03	
Address of beginning	High		Number of data bytes in	High	
register to be read	Low		message	Low	
Total number of registers	High		Data from registers (2 bytes	High	
to be read	Low		per register)	Low	
CD C	Low		CD C	Low	
CRC	High	CRC		High	

Example A: Read the value of a single register--peak current

Send message: 01 03 01 91 00 01 D3 1B Receive message: 01 03 02 00 0A 38 43

Details as following: Master->slave data:

Message:	01	03	01 91	00 01	D3 1B
Description:	Slave ID	FC	Register address	Number of registers read	CRC

Slave->master data:

Message:	01	03	02	00 0A	38 43
Description:	Slave ID	FC	Number of bytes returned	Value of 0x01 91	CRC

Note: 0x0191-- output peak current, 000A(Hexadecimal)=10(decimal, unit: 0.1A), it means the current 1A.

Example B: Read multiple register values

Send message: 01 03 01 BC 00 06 05 D0

Receive message: 01 03 0C 00 00 00 02 00 00 00 01 00 00 00 04 B6 13

Details as following:

Master->slave data:

Triablei > blave da	····				
Message	01	03	01 BC	00 06	05 D0
Description	Slave ID	FC	Register address	Number of registers read	CRC

Slave>master data:



Message	01	03	0C	00 00	00 02	00 00	00 01	00 00	00 04	9D B3
Description	Slave ID	FC	Number of bytes returned	Value of 0x01BC	Address 0x01BD	Value of 0x01BE	Value of 0x01BF	Value of 0x01C0	Value of 0x01C1	CRC

Note:

- (1) The above example shows reading the value of Pr5.22, Pr5.23, Pr5.24, their corresponding address are 0x01BD, 0x01BF, 0x01C1.
- (2) The data type of parameter is 32bit, which include high 16bit register and low 16bit register. Usually, we use low 16bits only, but it needs to take the high 16 bits as beginning when we read/write multiple parameters continuously.

4.2.2 Preset Single Register FC= 06

4.2.2 I Teset bligte Regist	301 1 0 0 0			
Preset Single Register Que	ery (Master to Slave)	Preset Single Register Response (Slave to Master)		
Slave ID	00 1F	Slaver ID	00 1F	
FC	06	FC	06	
Address of register to	High	Address of register	High	
write to	Low	written to	Low	
37.1	High	Value written to	High	
Value to write	Low	register	Low	
CDC	Low	CDC	Low	
CRC	High	CRC	High	

Example C: Write the value of a single register--peak current

Send message: 01 06 01 91 00 20 DD 7B

Receive message: 01 06 01 91 00 20 DD 7B

Details as following:

Master->slave data:

Message	01	06	01 91	00 20	DD 7B
Description	Slave ID	FC	Register address	Write data	CRC

Slave>master data:

Message	01	06	01 91	00 20	DD 7B
Description	Slave ID	FC	Register address	Write data	CRC

Note: 0x0191-- output peak current, write data 0x0020=32(decimal, unit: 0.1A), it means the current 3.2A.

Example D: Save the written value to EEPROM

Send message: 01 06 18 01 22 11 06 06

Receive message:01 06 18 01 22 11 06 06



Details as following:

Master->slave data

Message:	01	06	18 01	22 11	06 06
Description	Address	Function code	Register address	Write data	CRC check code

Slave>master data:

Message:	01	06	18 01	22 11	06 06
Description	Address	Function code	Register address	Write data	CRC check code

Note: 0x1801-- Auxiliary control word, and 0x2211 is to save the value to EEPROM. This step is required after the parameter has been modified, to prevent losing the written value after power-off.

4.2.3 Preset Multiple Registers FC= 10

Preset Multiple Registers Qu	ery (Master to Slave)	Preset Multiple Registers Master)	Response (Slave to
Slave ID	00 - 1F	Slaver ID	00 - 1F
FC	10	FC	10
Address of first register to	High	Address of first register	High
write to	Low	written to	Low
Total number of registers to	High	Total number of registers	High
write to	Low	written to	Low
Number of data bytes in message	2 bytes per register	CRC	Low
X7-11 4	High		High
Value1 to write	Low		
V-12 +	High		
Value2 to write	Low	-	
CRC	Low		
CRC	High		

Example E: Write multiple registers-- configure input port functions

Send message:01 10 01 46 00 04 08 00 00 00 28 00 00 00 29 1C 14

Receive message:01 10 01 46 00 04 21 E3

Details as following:

Master->slave data:

Message	01	10	01 46	00 04	08	00 00, 00 28, 00 00, 00 29	1C 14
Description	Slave	FC	First address	Number of	Number	Value to write	CRC
	ID		writes	address write	of bytes		

Slave>master data:

Message	01	10	01 46	00 04	21 E3
Description	Slave ID	FC	First address write	Number of address write	CRC



Note:

- (1) In above example, modify the function of DI2 / DI3, and write the value as DI2=0x28 (means path 0), DI2=0x29 (means path 1);
- (2) The data type of parameter is 32bit, which include high 16bit register and low 16bit register.usually, we use low 16bits only, but it needs to take the high 16 bits as beginning when we read/write multiple parameters continuously.

4.3 Modbus & PR Parameters

4.3.1 Basic Parameters

Leadshine RS485 parameter data type is 32 bits, a parameter contains two registers of high 16 bits and low 16 bits, only the lower 16 bits are used in practice. However, when reading or writing multiple parameters in succession, the high 16 bits of the

parameter need to be used as the start, usually 00.

Register	Software	sed as the start, usually 00			Default	
Address	Par. #	Name	Description	Range	Value	Unit
0x0001	Pr0.00	Pulse/revolution	10000	200-51200	10000	P/R
0x0005	Pr0.02	Control mode source	Invalid	0-10	1	
0x0007	Pr0.03	Motor direction	0: CW 1: CCW	0-1	0	
0x0009	Pr0.04	Motor inductance	Invalid	0-10000	1499	0.00 1mH
0x00F	Pr0.07	Forced enable by software	Software forced enable has a higher priority than IO enable, and when this value is 0, the enable status of the drive only depends on the IO signal. When this value is 1, the motor is enabled regardless of the IO signal status.	0-1	0	
0x00A1	Pr2.00	Command filter time	To configure the time for internal command filtering	0-512	15	0.1m s
0x0145	Pr4.02	DI1(input 1)	Default is normal-open (N.O) type, it can be set to normal-closed (N.C) type by setting the corresponding port +0x80	0-65535	136 (0x88)	
0x0147	Pr4.03	DI2(input 2)	DI1 is enable(default), N.C type input. 0: invalid; 7: alarm clearing;	0-65535	0	
0x0149	Pr4.04	DI3(input 3)	8: enable (also can be set by 0x00F); 0x20: Trigger command (CTRG); 0x21: Trigger homing;	0-65535	0	
0x014B	Pr4.05	DI4(input 4)	0x22: EMG (quick stop); 0x23: JOG+;	0-65535	0	
0x014D	Pr4.06	DI5(input 5)	0x24: JOG-; 0x25: POT (positive limit); 0x26: NOT (negative limit);	0-65535	0	
0x014F	Pr4.07	DI6(input 6)	0x27: ORG (home switch); 0x28: ADD0 (path address 0);	0-65535	0	
0x0151	Pr4.08	DI7(input 7)	0x29: ADD1 (path address 1); 0x2A: ADD2 (path address 2); 0x2B: ADD3 (path address 3); 0x2C: JOG velocity 2	0-65535	0	
0x0157	Pr4.11	DO1(output 1)	Default is normal-open (N.O) type, it can be set to normal-closed (N.C) type by setting the corresponding port +0x80	0-65535	0	
0x0159	Pr4.12	DO2(output 2)	0: invalid; 0x20: command completed; 0x21: path completed;	0-65535	0	
0x015B	Pr4.13	DO3(output 3)	0x22: homing completed; 0x23: in-position completed; 0x24: brake output; 0x25: alarm output;	0-65535	0	
0x0167	Pr4.19	Delay of brake released	Keep default normally	0-1500	250	ms
0x0169	Pr4.20	Delay of brake locked	Keep default normally	0-1500	250	ms
0x016B	Pr4.21	Threshold value of brake	Keep default normally	0-500	10	



		locking velocity				
0x016D	Pr4.22	Alarm detection selection	Bit setting: =1: Yes; =0: No bit0: over-current (Cannot be changed) bit1: over-voltage bit3: ADC sampling failure bit4: Locked shaft alarm bit5: EEPROM alarm bit6: Auto-tuning alarm	0-65535	0	
0x0177	Pr4.27	Bus voltage		0-65535	0	0.1V
0x0179	Pr4.28	Digital input statue	Bit0-Bit6: DI1-DI7	0-65535	0	
0x017B	Pr4.29	Digital output statue	Bit0-Bit2: DO1-DO3	0-65535	0	(A) /-
0x0187	Pr4.35	DIP switches statue		0-65535	0	-4
0x0191	Pr5.00	Peak current	Approximately equal to motor phase current value multiplied by 1.4	0-30	22 for iEM-RS17xx 45 for iEM-RS2313 60 for iEM-RS2323	0.1A
0x0197	Pr5.03	Percentage of shaft locked current (power on)	Keep default normally	0-100	100	
0x0199	Pr5.04	Shaft locked duration	Keep default normally	0-1500	200	1ms
0x019F	Pr5.07	Rising time of shaft locked current (power on)	Keep default normally	1-60	1	100 ms
0x01A5	Pr5.10	The max stop time	Keep default normally	100-1000	1000	ms
0x01AB	Pr5.13	Auto-tuning at power on	0: disable, 1: enable	0-1	1	
0x01BD	Pr5.22	RS485 baud rate	0: 2400 1: 4800 2: 9600 (default) 3: 19200 4: 38400(factory) 5: 57600 6: 115200 When SW6 and SW7 are all OFF, it can be set by PC software.	0-6	4	
0x01BF	Pr5.23	RS485 ID	When SW1 - SW5 are all ON, it can be set by PC software	0-127	1	
0x01C1	Pr5.24	RS485 data type selection	0: 8-bit data, even check, 2 stop bits; 1: 8-bit data, odd check, 2 stop bits 2: 8-bit data, even check, 1 stop bit; 3: 8-bit data, odd check, 1 stop bit:	0-11	4	
			4: 8-bit data, no check,1 stop bit: 5: 8-bit data, no check,2 stop bits;			
0x01C3	Pr5.25	RS485 control word	4: 8-bit data, no check,1 stop bit: 5: 8-bit data, no check,2 stop bits;	0-32767	0	
	Pr5.25 Pr5.26		•	0-32767 0-100	0 35	 bit
0x01C4	Pr5.26	Communication bit delay	•	0-100	35	
			•			bit
0x01C4 0x01D1 0x01D3 0x01E1	Pr5.26 Pr5.32 Pr5.33 Pr6.00	Communication bit delay Switching time to standby Standby current percentage JOG velocity	5: 8-bit data, no check,2 stop bits; This JOG is triggered by RS485.	0-100 10-65535 0-100 0-5000	35 200 50 60	bit
0x01C4 0x01D1 0x01D3 0x01E1 0x01E3	Pr5.26 Pr5.32 Pr5.33 Pr6.00 Pr6.01	Communication bit delay Switching time to standby Standby current percentage JOG velocity Interval	5: 8-bit data, no check,2 stop bits;	0-100 10-65535 0-100 0-5000 0-10000	35 200 50	bit ms r/mi
0x01C4 0x01D1 0x01D3 0x01E1 0x01E3 0x01E5	Pr5.26 Pr5.32 Pr5.33 Pr6.00 Pr6.01 Pr6.02	Communication bit delay Switching time to standby Standby current percentage JOG velocity Interval Running times	5: 8-bit data, no check,2 stop bits; This JOG is triggered by RS485.	0-100 10-65535 0-100 0-5000 0-10000 0-30000	35 200 50 60 100	bit ms r/mi n
0x01C4 0x01D1 0x01D3 0x01E1 0x01E3 0x01E5 0x01E7	Pr5.26 Pr5.32 Pr5.33 Pr6.00 Pr6.01 Pr6.02 Pr6.03	Communication bit delay Switching time to standby Standby current percentage JOG velocity Interval Running times Acc. / Dec. time	5: 8-bit data, no check,2 stop bits; This JOG is triggered by RS485. For JOG triggered by IO, please use Pr8.40/8.41	0-100 10-65535 0-100 0-5000 0-10000 0-30000 0-10000	35 200 50 60	bit ms r/mi n ms
0x01C4 0x01D1 0x01D3 0x01E1 0x01E3 0x01E5 0x01F7	Pr5.26 Pr5.32 Pr5.33 Pr6.00 Pr6.01 Pr6.02 Pr6.03 Pr6.15	Communication bit delay Switching time to standby Standby current percentage JOG velocity Interval Running times Acc. / Dec. time Version information	5: 8-bit data, no check,2 stop bits; This JOG is triggered by RS485. For JOG triggered by IO, please use Pr8.40/8.41 Read only	0-100 10-65535 0-100 0-5000 0-10000 0-30000 0-10000 0-65535	35 200 50 60 100 1 200 0	r/mi n ms
0x01C4 0x01D1 0x01D3 0x01E1 0x01E3 0x01E5 0x01E7 0x01FF 0x0201	Pr5.26 Pr5.32 Pr5.33 Pr6.00 Pr6.01 Pr6.02 Pr6.03 Pr6.15 Pr6.16	Communication bit delay Switching time to standby Standby current percentage JOG velocity Interval Running times Acc. / Dec. time	This JOG is triggered by RS485. For JOG triggered by IO, please use Pr8.40/8.41 Read only Read only	0-100 10-65535 0-100 0-5000 0-10000 0-30000 0-10000 0-65535 0-65535	35 200 50 60 100 1 200	r/mi n ms
0x01C4 0x01D1 0x01D3 0x01E1 0x01E3 0x01E5 0x01E7 0x01FF 0x0201 0x0231	Pr5.26 Pr5.32 Pr5.33 Pr6.00 Pr6.01 Pr6.02 Pr6.03 Pr6.15 Pr6.16 Pr7.00	Communication bit delay Switching time to standby Standby current percentage JOG velocity Interval Running times Acc. / Dec. time Version information Firmware information Motor model	This JOG is triggered by RS485. For JOG triggered by IO, please use Pr8.40/8.41 Read only Read only Invalid	0-100 10-65535 0-100 0-5000 0-10000 0-30000 0-10000 0-65535 0-65535	35 200 50 60 100 1 200 0 0	r/mi n ms
0x01C4 0x01D1 0x01D3 0x01E1 0x01E3 0x01E5 0x01E7 0x01FF 0x0201 0x0231 0x0235	Pr5.26 Pr5.32 Pr5.33 Pr6.00 Pr6.01 Pr6.02 Pr6.03 Pr6.15 Pr6.16 Pr7.00 Pr7.02	Communication bit delay Switching time to standby Standby current percentage JOG velocity Interval Running times Acc. / Dec. time Version information Firmware information Motor model Back EMF coefficient Current loop proportional	This JOG is triggered by RS485. For JOG triggered by IO, please use Pr8.40/8.41 Read only Read only	0-100 10-65535 0-100 0-5000 0-10000 0-30000 0-10000 0-65535 0-65535 0-100 0-32767	35 200 50 60 100 1 200 0 0 0	r/mi n ms
0x01C4 0x01D1 0x01D3 0x01E1 0x01E3 0x01E5 0x01E7 0x01FF 0x0201 0x0231 0x0235	Pr5.26 Pr5.32 Pr5.33 Pr6.00 Pr6.01 Pr6.02 Pr6.03 Pr6.15 Pr6.16 Pr7.00 Pr7.02 Pr7.03	Communication bit delay Switching time to standby Standby current percentage JOG velocity Interval Running times Acc. / Dec. time Version information Firmware information Motor model Back EMF coefficient Current loop proportional KP	This JOG is triggered by RS485. For JOG triggered by IO, please use Pr8.40/8.41 Read only Read only Invalid Invalid Invalid	0-100 10-65535 0-100 0-5000 0-10000 0-30000 0-10000 0-65535 0-65535 0-100 0-32767	35 200 50 60 100 1 200 0 0 0 100 1500	r/mi n ms 1ms
0x01C4 0x01D1 0x01D3 0x01E1 0x01E3 0x01E5 0x01E7 0x01FF 0x0201 0x0231 0x0235 0x0237	Pr5.26 Pr5.32 Pr5.33 Pr6.00 Pr6.01 Pr6.02 Pr6.03 Pr6.15 Pr6.16 Pr7.00 Pr7.02 Pr7.03 Pr7.04	Communication bit delay Switching time to standby Standby current percentage JOG velocity Interval Running times Acc. / Dec. time Version information Firmware information Motor model Back EMF coefficient Current loop proportional KP Current loop KI	This JOG is triggered by RS485. For JOG triggered by IO, please use Pr8.40/8.41 Read only Read only Invalid Invalid Invalid Inties recommended to keep the factory value,	0-100 10-65535 0-100 0-5000 0-10000 0-30000 0-10000 0-65535 0-65535 0-100 0-32767 0-3000 0-1500	35 200 50 60 100 1 200 0 0 0 100 1500 300	bit ms r/mi n ms 1ms 1ms
0x01C4 0x01D1 0x01D3 0x01E1 0x01E3 0x01E5 0x01E7 0x01FF 0x0201 0x0231 0x0235	Pr5.26 Pr5.32 Pr5.33 Pr6.00 Pr6.01 Pr6.02 Pr6.03 Pr6.15 Pr6.16 Pr7.00 Pr7.02 Pr7.03	Communication bit delay Switching time to standby Standby current percentage JOG velocity Interval Running times Acc. / Dec. time Version information Firmware information Motor model Back EMF coefficient Current loop proportional KP	This JOG is triggered by RS485. For JOG triggered by IO, please use Pr8.40/8.41 Read only Read only Invalid Invalid Invalid	0-100 10-65535 0-100 0-5000 0-10000 0-30000 0-10000 0-65535 0-65535 0-100 0-32767	35 200 50 60 100 1 200 0 0 0 100 1500	r/mi n ms 1ms



			Read only:						
			Bit NO)	Read value =1				
					means				
			Bit0		Fault				
0x1003		Motion status	Bit1		Enable				
0x1003	_	Motion status	Bit2		Running			-	
			Bit4		Command				
					completed				
			Bit5		Path completed				
			Bit6		Homing completed				
						,			
			Write		Function			////	
			value					107 4	1/2
			0x1111		current alarm			(C) \	43
			0x1122		history alarm				
			0x2211		all parameters to				
			0.1.2.11	EEPF			4337		
0 1001			0x2222		neter reset(exclude	4	b. (50)		
0x1801	-	Control word			r parameters)		(A) -	-	
			0x2233		arameters are reset to	-			
				factor	ry · · · ·	463	1.		
			0x2244	EEPF	all mappings into				
					CW (Need to write				
			0x4001		at least 50ms)				
					CCW (Need to write				
			0x4002		at least 50ms)		8		
			Read only	once	at reast 50Hs)				
		Sava manamatan atatus	Read Val	iie	Means	1			
0x1901	-	Save parameter status word	0x5555		Save successfully		-	-	
		word	0xAAA.		Failed to save				
			Read only	1	11	1			
			Error coo	ie	Means	-			
			0x01		Over- current	-			
0x2203	-	Current alarm	0x02		Over- voltage		-	-	
			0x40		Current sampling fault				
			0x80		Failed to lock shaft	1			
			0x200		EEPROM fault	1			
			0x100		Auto-tuning fault				

4.3.2 Input and Output Parameters

Register Address	Par. # in software	Definition	Description	Range	Default	Unit
0x0145	Pr4.02	SI1 (DI1)		0-65535	136 (0x88)	
0x0147	Pr4.03	SI2 (DI2)	(1) SI1 is set to enable by default, N.C	0-65535	0	
0x0149	Pr4.04	SI3 (DI3)	(normally closed). (2) Other inputs are N.O (normally open) by	0-65535	0	
0x014B	Pr4.05	SI4 (DI4)	default.	0-65535	0	-
0x014D	Pr4.06	SI5 (DI5)	(3) The value of bit7 of each input register is set normally closed or normally open, bit7=1 is normally closed, bit7=0 is normally closed	0-65535	0	-
0x014F	Pr4.07	SI6 (DI6)	is normany closed, oit/=0 is normany closed	0-65535	0	
0x0151	Pr4.08	SI7 (DI7)		0-65535	0	
0x0157	Pr4.11	SO1 (DO1)	(1) All outputs are N.O (normally open) by default,	0-65535	0	
0x0159	Pr4.12	SO2 (DO2)	(2) The value of bit7 of each input register is	0-65535	0	
0x015B	Pr4.13	SO3 (DO3)	set normally closed or normally open, bit7=1 is normally closed, bit7=0 is normally closed.	0-65535	0	



Note: (1) If the input or output function is set repeatedly, only after the restart drive can detect it.
(2) When input functions are configured, it is effective after clicking save and restart drive.

• Digital Input port function assignment:

Normal-open (N.O); Normal-closed (N.C).

Digit	al Inputs			Digital Outputs			
Functions	Crimbola	Ту	pe	Functions	Crymbola	7	Гуре
Functions	Symbols	N.O.	N.C.	Functions	Symbols	N.O.	N.C.
Trigger Command	CTRG	0x20	0xA0	Command Complete	CMD_OK	0x20	0xA0
Homing Trigger	HOME	0x21	0xA1	Path Complete	MC_OK	0x21	0xA1
Quick Stop	STP	0x22	0xA2	Homing Complete	HOME_OK	0x22	0xA2
JOG+	JOG+	0x23	0xA3	Alarm	ALM	0x25	0xA5
JOG-	JOG-	0x24	0xA4	Brake	BRK	0x24	0xA4
Positive Limit	PL	0x25	0xA5	In-position	PEND	0x23	0xA3
Negative Limit	NL	0x26	0xA6				
Home switch	ORG	0x27	0xA7				
Path Address 0	ADD0	0x28	0xA8				
Path Address 1	ADD1	0x29	0xA9				
Path Address 2	ADD2	0x2A	0xAA	A 10	-		
Path Address 3	ADD3	0x2B	0xAB				
Clear Error	CLR	0x07	0x87				
Enable	SRV-ON	0x08	0x88		3		

4.3.3 Smooth Filter Time Setting for Digital Inputs

This section describes the setting of the value of each bit of the registers of the 7 inputs, where the filtering time is set by the high 8 bits.

Set value of low 8 bits:

Normally open. Normally closed setting			Digital	l input fun	ction setting	g			
Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0		
	(000 0000) 0x00: Invalid input.								
	(000 100	0) 0x08: E	nable.						
	(010 0000)0x20: CTRG.								
	(010 000	1)0x21: H	oming trig	ger.					
	(010 001	0) 0x22: Ç	uick stop.						
	(010 0011) 0x23: JOG+.								
	(010 0100) 0x24: JOG								
0: Normally open 1: Normally closed	(010 0101) 0x25: Positive limit.								
1. Normany crosed	(010 011	0) 0x26: N	legative lii	mit.					
	(010 011	1) 0x27: H	Iome swite	ch.					
168-4 # X 100 113	(010 100	0) 0x28: P	ath addres	s 0.					
	(010 100	1) 0x29: P	ath addres	s 1.					
	(010 1010) 0x2A: Path address 2.								
	(010 1011) 0x2B: Path address 3.								
	(010 110	0)0x2C: J	OG2 veloc	ity					



Set value of high 8 bits:

	Reserv	ved .			Filter time setting				
Bit15	Bit14	Bit13	Bit12	Bit11	[Bit10	Bit9	Bit8	_
Reserved bit	t, write 0 by defa	ult							
					Register	Value	Filtering tin	me (unit: ms)	
					0000		10		
					0001		1		
					0010		2		
					0011		3		
					0100		4		(27.52)
					0101		5		
					0110		6		
					0111		8		
					1000		15		
					1001		20	Ø. S	
					1010		30		
					1011		40		
					1100		50		**
					1101		100		
					1110		200		
					1111		500		
				Note.					
									ie individual filte
								ch correspond	
									ort, you can fill i
						nually ir	i the parame	eter manage t	able of Leadshin
				Wotte	onStudio.				

Example 1: IO input port 1 is set to enable function. Normally closed. Filter time 50ms

The register value is configured as 0000 1100 1000 1000, which is converted to 3208 in decimal, i.e. write 3208 to Pr4.02 to achieve the above configuration.

Example 2: IO input port 1 is set to enable function. Normally closed. Filter time 10ms (default)

The register value is configured as 0000 0000 1000 1000, which translates to 136 in decimal, i.e. write 136 to Pr4.02 to achieve the above configuration.

Routine 3: IO input port 7 is set to JOG2 function. Normally open. Filter time 500ms

The register configuration is 0000 1111 0010 1100, which is converted to 3884 in decimal, i.e. write 3884 to Pr4.08 to achieve the above configuration.

4.3.4 Status Monitoring Parameters

Register address	Definition	Attribut es	Unit	Description	
0x1001	Control Mode	R	/	Invalid, always "0"	
0x1003	Motion state	R	/	Bit0: 0normally, 1faulty; Bit1: 0drive disable, 1enable; Bit2: 0not running, 1running; Bit4: 0 Command not completed, 1 Command completed; Bit5: 0 Path not completed, 1 Path completed; Bit6: 0Homing not completed, 1Homing completed.	
0x1010 (high 16-bit) 0x1011 (low 16-bit)	Position following error	R	pulses	-	
0x1012 (high 16-bit)	Profile position	R	pulses	-	



0x1013 (low 16-bit)				
0x1014 (high 16-bit)	Essilanda essidian	D	1	
0x1015 (low 16-bit)	Feedback position	R	pluses	-
0x1044 (high 16-bit)	Drofile velocity	R	****	
0x1045 (low 16-bit)	Profile velocity	K	rpm	-
0x1046 (high 16-bit)	Foodbook volocity	D	****	
0x1047 (low 16-bit)	Feedback velocity	R	rpm	-

4.3.5 Control Word and Status Word

- (1) The related function is started by sending the control word,
- (2) The completion is judged by checking the status word. The status word is automatically returned to its initial state after it is read.

■ Control Word:

Register address	Definition	Attributes	Description
0x1801	Control word	W/S	Write 0x1111: Reset current alarm Write 0x1122: Reset history alarm Write 0x2211: Save all parameters to EEPROM Write 0x2222: Parameter reset (exclude motor parameters) Write 0x2233: All parameters are reset to factory Write 0x2244: Save all mapping parameters into EEPROM Write 0x4001: JOG CW (Need to write once at least 50ms) Write 0x4002: JOG CCW

■ Status Word of Saving Parameter:

Register address	Definition	Attributes	Description
0x1901	status word	R	Show 0x5555: Saving parameter OK Show 0xAAAA: Saving parameter fault

Note: (1) *The read value is 0x1111 when no save instruction has been executed after the first power-up;*

(2) The first read value is 0x5555 after a save instruction is executed, and then it changes back to 0x1111.

4.4 Error Codes and Troubleshooting

4.4.1 Communication Error Codes

When the master station receives a message from the slave about a communication error, you can follow the table below for analysis

No.	Return Commands (slave->master)						
	Symbols	Description	Content				
1	ID	Slave ID	0-31				
2	FC	Function code	FC+0x80				
3	EC	Error Code	-				
4	CRC	check code	Low				
	CRC	check code	High				

Error code:

Error Code (EC)	Description
0x01	Wrong FC (This supports FC beside of 03h/ 06h/ 10h)



0x02	Wrong access address
0x03	Wrong data, for example, write data over-limit value, etc.
0x08	Wrong CRC check code

Example F: CRC check code error

Master-> slave data:

Message	01	03	00 01	00 01	D5 C1
Description	Slave ID	Function code	Register address	Read Number of registers	CRC check code

slave-> Master data:

Message	01	83	08	40 F6
Description	Slave ID	FC+0x80	Error code	CRC

Example F: Function code error

Master-> slave data:

Message	01	02	00 01	00 01	E8 0A
Description	Slave ID	Function code	Register address	Read Number of registers	CRC check code

slave-> Master data:

Message	01	82	01	81 60
Description	Slave ID	Function code + 0x80	Error code	CRC check code

4.4.2 Drive Alarm Codes and Troubleshooting

Register Address	definition	operation	unit	description
0x2203	Current alarm	R	/	Below table

Error code and cause:

The green light is always on after the drive power on. When the error is occurred, the drive will stop working and red light will be flashed indicates the current error code. Whatever error occurs, the user need to power off the drive and restart it after removing the error. The user can read the corresponding error code through the PC software. The latest errors will be saved to EEPROM which supports 10 historical errors in the list.

Error code	Content	Red Light Flash Times	Sequence wave of RED LED	Trouble Shooting
0x01	Over current	1	Π	 Restart the drive; If it still exists, check whether the motor is short-circuited or not connected to the motor;
0x02	Over voltage	2		 Restart the drive; If it still exists, check the voltage of power supply;



0x40	Current sampling circuit error	3	 Restart the drive; If it still exists, the hardware failure
0x80	Shaft locking error	4	1. Check whether the motor wire is broken
0x200	EEPROM error	5	 Connect the drive to Leadshine software to reset parameters to the factory If it still exists, the hardware failure
0x100	Auto tuning error	6	1. Restart the drive; 2. If it still exists, disable auto-tuning by 0x01AB (Pr5.13).
-	Repeated settings of input function	9	

4.4.3 Error Clear

Check the error via Leadshine MotionStudio

Current Error	Current happened error	Over current, over voltage, etc
History error	History happened error.	Over current, over voltage, etc
Read error	Read Historical error.	Check the Historical happened error .
Clear current error Current error Current error Current error (2) There are two methods Leadshine MotionStudio, and		(1) It can clear over voltage error, but can not clear over current error; (2) There are two methods to clear the current alarm: one is via Leadshine MotionStudio, and the second is via external I/O; (3) If the current error cannot be cleared, please check the drive
Clear history error History error		All history error records can be cleared by Leadshine MotionStudio

4.5 Register Mapping Continuous Read/Write Function

Address description 0x0F10-0x0F19. By writing the "address to be mapped" to 0x0F10-0x0F19, it is possible to set the address mapping. The 10 consecutive mapped addresses are available for mapping discontinuous parameter addresses.

Examples

Mapping target address	Write to	Parameter original address		
0x0F10	←	0x0001 (Pr0.00: Microstep)		
0x0F11	←	0x0009 (Pr0.04: inductance value)		
0x0F12	←	0x00A1 (Pr2.00: instruction filter time)		
0x0F13		0x0191 (Pr5.00: peak current)		
0x0F14	←	0x0167 (Pr4.19: delay of releasing brake)		
0x0F15	←	0x0173 (Pr4.25: software de-jitter delay of position when in position)		
0x0F16	←	0x0233 (Pr7.01: encoder resolution)		
0x0F17	←	0x0243 (Pr7.09: over-voltage threshold)		



0x0F18	←	0x602E (Pr8.46: digital inputs)
0x0F19	←	0x6203 (Pr9.03: PR0 velocity)

At this point, the mapping of the 10 parameter addresses to the mapped area is complete, and the mapped addresses can be used for reading and writing instead of the original parameter addresses. For example, if 0x0001 is written to 0x0F10, the operation of reading and writing to 0x0001 can be replaced by "read and write to 0x0F10". The mapped address is equivalent to a "stand-in" or "proxy" for the original address.

Mapping target address	Reading and writing	Host
0x0F10 (Pr0.00: Microstep)	←	
0x0F11 (Pr0.04: inductance value)	←	
0x0F12 (Pr2.00: instruction filter time)	←	
0x0F13 (Pr5.00: peak current)	←	
0x0F14 (Pr4.19: delay of releasing brake)	← →	
0x0F15 (Pr4.25: software de-jitter delay of position when in position)	←	Host
0x0F16 (Pr7.01: encoder resolution)	←→	
0x0F17 (Pr7.09: over-voltage threshold)	←→	
0x0F18 (Pr8.46: digital inputs)	←	
0x0F19 (Pr9.03: PR0 velocity)	←	

Message Example

Conditions: Drive ID is 1, motor is stationary.

(1) Mapping

Master→Slave:

01 10 0F 10 00 0A 00 00 01 00 09 00 A1 01 91 01 67 01 73 02 33 02 43 60 2E 62 03 4B 43

Slave \rightarrow Master:

01 10 0F 10 00 0A 42 DF

(2) Read and write

Master→Slave:

01 03 0F 00 00 0A C6 D9

Slave → Master:

01 03 14 27 10 05 87 00 0F 00 3C 00 FA 00 03 0F A0 00 5A 00 01 00 00 00 56 F4

(3) Mapping parameter save instruction 0x2244

Master→Slave:

01 06 18 01 22 44 C6 39 (Note: Write 0x2244 to 0x1801, the function is to save the mapped address into EEPROM)

Slave → Master:

01 06 18 01 22 44 C6 39

4.6 S-code Application

S-code (status code) is the status indicator of the currently executed PR path, whether it is running, or the path is completed. In a normal path program, no matter which path is completed, the drive will output the run status uniformly, but it is difficult to identify which path. The S-code function can help to identify the specific path number and running status, or read the value of Pr8.38(0x601C). Each PR path can set an S-code, i.e. each path has a dedicated S-code register, the exact S-code is user-defined according to the table format below.



Size S	High 8 bits		Lower 8 bits	
# Bit	bit15 bit8-10		bit7	bit0-2
Description	Whether the S code is valid at the time of completion: 0: Invalid, keep last value 1: Effective (Recommended)		Whether the start S code is valid or not: 0: Invalid 1: Effective (Recommended)	
	bit7 and bit15 are set to 1. The rest of the unused bits are 0, such a			

iEM-RS Series drivers have only 3 outputs, and the S-code can only use 3 bits, each bit corresponds to an output. Therefore, there are only 8 output combinations (000, 001, 010, 011, 100, 101, 110, 111), and these 8 states can be set freely, depending on the requirements.

Example:

Here is an example of paths 1-4:

- All output ports are set to normally open.
- "1" indicates that the output optocoupler is switched on.
- "0" indicates that the output optocoupler is switched off.
- "001" means that output port 1 is on, and outputs 2 and 3 are not on.
- Pr8.28: S-code current output value; register address: 0x601C.

Path number	S-code at completion bit8-10	S-code at start-up bit0-2	S code setting value	Remarks
Path 1	001	000	Binary: 1000 0001 1000 0000 Hexadecimal: 0x8180	At start-up: No level at all three outputs Completion: Output port 1 has level, PR8.28=1
Path 2	011	010	Binary: 1000 0011 1000 0010 Hexadecimal: 0x8382	At start-up: Output port 2 has level On completion: Outputs 1 and 2 have levels, PR8.28 = 3
Path 3	101	100	Binary: 1000 0101 1000 0100 Hexadecimal: 0x8584	At start-up: Output port 3 has level On completion: Outputs 1 and 3 have levels, PR8.28 = 5
Path 4	111	110	Binary: 1000 0111 1000 0110 Hexadecimal: 0x8786	At start-up: Outputs 2 and 3 are level When finished: output ports 1. 2. 3 are level, PR8.28=7

4.7 Enable Drive

There are two methods to enable iEM-RS Series drives:

• I/O enable:

DI1 of iEM-RS Series drive is the enable input by default, normally closed, so iEM-RS1706 immediately enters the enable state after power on.

• RS485 communication:

Pr0.07 of Leadshine MotionStudio (Register address 0x00F) set to value "1" indicates enable the drive by RS485



5 PR Mode (Indexer Table)

PR mode is a single-axis motion control function with 16-segment position table, also called indexer table. It can save the motion control function of the controller.

5.1 PR Main Features

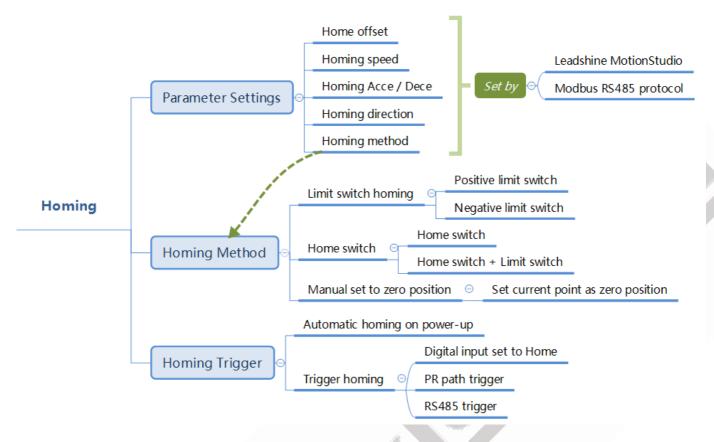
PR mode can mainly set the following functions:

Features	Description				
	The drive can detect zero position by homing processing, and confirm the zero point of mechanical				
	coordinate system				
	• Select homing method: by limit switch signal, by home switch signal, auto homing after power up,				
	set homing point by manual;				
Homing	Homing direction can be set;				
	 Homing offset can be set; 				
	 Move to the specified position after homing; 				
	 Acc/Dec of homing velocity can be set; 				
	Note: Control instruction can not be sent to drive during homing				
	JOG can be realized by external I/O or RS485 communication.				
	• CW JOG;				
JOG	• CCW JOG;				
	 JOG teaching function; 				
	The JOG velocity and JOG Acc/Dec can be set;				
	Protect the machine by limiting the working area range.				
	 Positive/negative limit switch by digital input; 				
Limit	 Soft limit setting; 				
	 Acc/Dec limit can be set 				
	Note: Soft limit is valid after homing completed;				
Quick stop	The movement stop immediately when the quick stop input is on, which is valid at PR mode only				
	Select the PR path number by 4 digital inputs (ADD0, ADD1, ADD2, ADD3), and then start the PR				
	path movement by external I/O (CTRG) or RS485communication.				
Z = 44	Include PP mode, PV mode and HM mode				
DD D-45	Trigger methods include: double edge trigger (CTGR) or RS485 trigger				
PR Path	Support up to 16-segment PR positioning path				
3.28	Position, velocity and Acc/Dec values can be set				
	Pause time or timing time can be set				
	Support interrupt, Overlapping, jump, etc.				

5.2 Homing / Return to Zero Position

Homing includes homing by detecting limit switch signal, homing by detecting home switch signal, set zero position by manual, auto homing after powering on.





Zero Position: a fixed position on the machine can correspond to a definite digital input signal, or to a Z signal

Zero Point of Machine: mechanical absolute zero position

Home offset: difference between zero position and zero point of machine, the value of Object 607Ch (default =

0), Zero position= zero point + home offset **Home Switch:** homing switch input signal

Negative Limit: negative limit switch input signal

Positive Limit: positive limit switch input signal

Trigger method of homing:

- Automatic homing on power-up: After the drive is powered on, the motor will automatically search the zero position.
- Trigger to homing: when IO port set to Home function triggered by external level, or trigger via Modbus RS485.

Homing method:

- Limit switch homing: Set by register address 0x600A, or Leadshine software. If the homing direction is positive, then it is positive limit switch homing. Conversely, the negative limit homing.
- Home switch: Set by register address 0x600A, or Leadshine software. If the motor turns toward the home switch when zeroing, it will use the home switch it touches as the home point; if the motor turns in the opposite direction when zeroing, it will automatically reverse to find the home point after it touches the limit switch.
- Manual set to zero position: Set by register address 0x600A, or by tuning software. After triggering, the current value of the motor is cleared to zero and the current point is used as the origin.

Note: In the normal homing, because the motor to find the origin process is slowed down and stopped, so after finding the origin will move a certain distance, the actual read position value may not be 0, in this case, you can check the "return to the origin to move to the specified position", that is, move to the 0 position.



5.2.1 Homing Parameters

Parameters	Register address	Definition	Description
Pr8.10	0x600A	Homing mode	Bit0: homing direction =0:CCW; =1:CW. Bit1: move to the Specified point after homing? =0: No; =1: Yes. Bit2: homing type =0: Homing by detecting limit switch signal =1: Homing by detecting Home Switch signal Note: (1) Write 0x21 to the address 0x6002 to set the current point to zero position; (2) Write 1 to the bit2 of address 0x6000 can set to auto-homing after powering on;
Pr8.11	0x600B	Home Switch position high bits	The Home Switch position on the coordinate system .
Pr8.12	0x600C	Home Switch low bits	Pr8.11 is high 16 bits, and Pr8.12 is low 16 bits
Pr8.13	0x600D	Homing stop position high bits	The motor moves to the Specified position after homing. If
Pr8.14	0x600E	Homing stop position low bits	bit1 of Pr8.10=1, the motor will move to Specified absolute position. Pr8.13 is high 16 bits, and Pr8.14 is low 16 bits.
Pr8.15	0x600F	Homing high velocity	The 1 st segment velocity of homing, unit: rpm
Pr8.16	0x6010	Homing low velocity	The 2 nd segment velocity of homing, unit: rpm
Pr8.17	0x6011	Homing Acc	Acc of homing, unit: ms/1000rpm
Pr8.18	0x6012	Homing Dec	Dec of homing, unit: ms/1000rpm

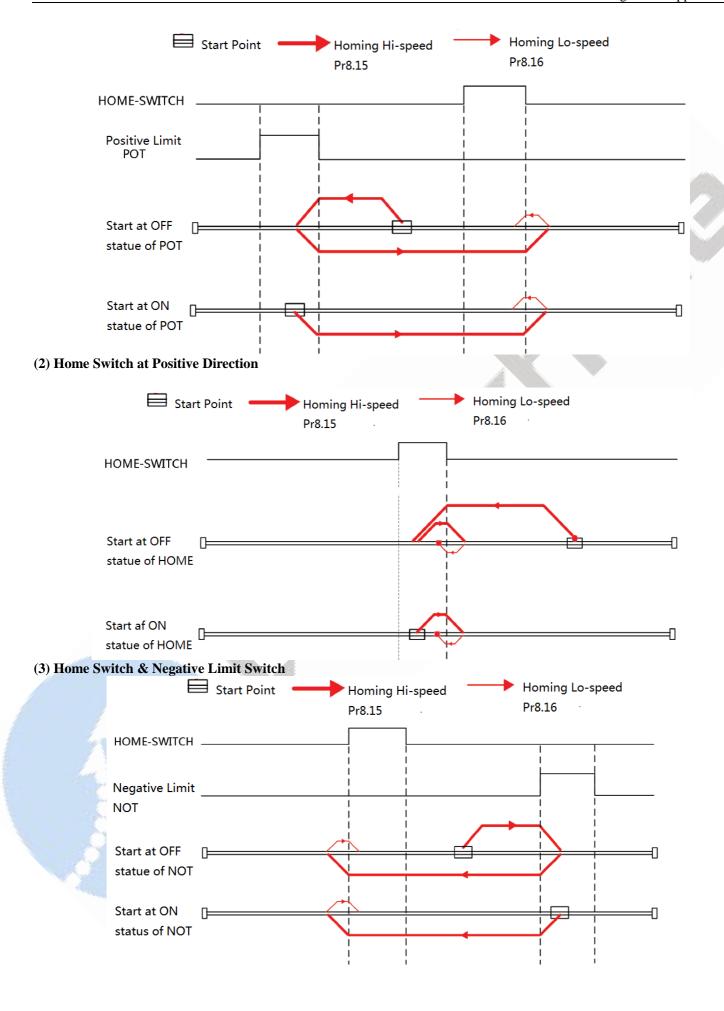
Note: Generally homing to find the zero position, the motion is decelerating to stop, so after finding the zero position will also move a distance, resulting in the actual read position value may not be mechanical zero point, but will still output homing completion signal. If the motion is an absolute position mode, it does not matter. But if the user does care about the zero position, you can set the value of home offset to reach the mechanical zero point

5.2.2. Homing by Home Switch

Set value 1 to the bit2 of 0x600A, and then according to the homing direction, positive or negative limit switch and location of home switch, it can be combined into the following four cases.

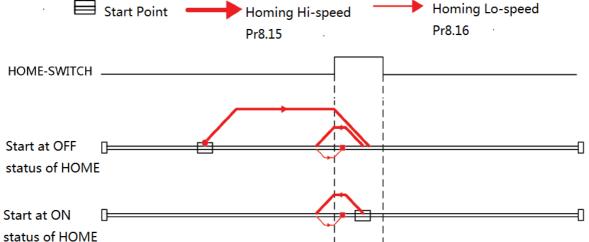
(1) Home Switch & Positive Limit Switch





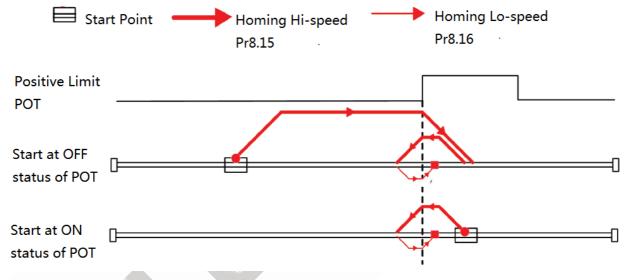


(4) Home Switch at Negative Direction

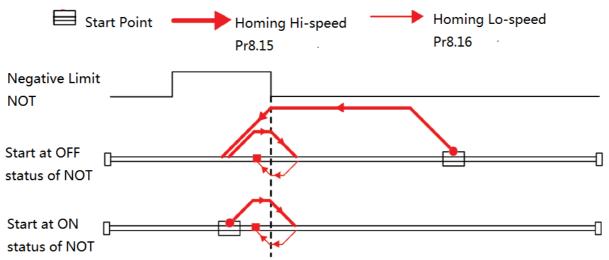


5.2.3. Homing by Limit Switch

(1) Positive Limit Switch



(2) Negative Limit Switch





5.3 Soft Limit & JOG & Quick Stop

5.3.1 Soft Limit

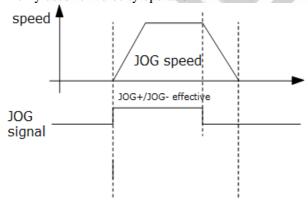
The soft limit function means that the internal position feedback of the drive is compared with the limit position, an alarm and stop when determining that the motor exceeds the limit position. Soft limit function is universal for linear movement and rotating movement. It is not requiring hardware, eliminating malfunction due to poor wiring contact, and it can prevent mechanical slip and abnormal action with internal position comparison. And the iEM-RS Series drives carry out homing to find the mechanical home before the soft limit function can be activated.

Relevant objects:

Register address	Par. # in software	Definition	Range	Default Value	Description
0x6000	Pr8.00	PR control setting	32767	-	Bit1: Soft limit 0disable, 1enable
0x6006	Pr8.06	Soft limit+ H	32767	0x7FFF	Soft limit positive high bits
0x6007	Pr8.07	Soft limit+ L	32767	0xFFFF	Soft limit positive low bits
0x6008	Pr8.08	Soft limit- H	32767	0x8000	Soft limit negative high bits
0x6009	Pr8.09	Soft limit- L	32767	0	Soft limit negative low bits
0x6016	Pr8.22	Soft limit quick stop time	-	-	Deceleration time after triggering the soft limit, unit: ms

5.3.2 **JOG**

The JOG function allows fine tuning of the drive, or fine adjustment of the position of the device, or forward and reverse velocity operation of the motor. Commonly used for velocity operation.



JOG time sequence

Relevant objects:

Register address	Par. # in software	Definition	Default Value	Description
0x6026	Pr8.38	JOG 2 velocity	O JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm	
0x6027	Pr8.39	JOG 1 velocity		
0x6028	Pr8.40	JOG Acceleration	0	Unit: ms/1000rpm
0x6029	Pr8.41	JOG Deceleration	0	Unit: ms/1000rpm
0x10E1	Pr6.00	JOG velocity	60	Unit: rpm
0x01E3	Pr6.01	Interval	100	Unit: ms
0x01E5	Pr6.02	Running times	1	Unit: ms/1000rpm
0x01E7	Pr6.03	Acc. / Dec. time	200	Unit: ms/1000rpm

Note:(1) Pr8.39 - Pr8.41(JOG) are available when triggered by I/O; (2) Pr6.00 - Pr6.03 (JOG) are available when triggered by RS485.

The trigger mode of JOG is divided into two types: RS485 communication and IO, which correspond to different parameter addresses:



RS485 communication trigger JOG:

- Write value 0x4001 to 0x1801, JOG+.
- Write value 0x4002 to 0x1801, JOG-.
- JOG velocity: Pr6.00 (0x01E1).
- JOG acceleration and deceleration time: Pr6.03 (0x01E7).
- JOG quick stop: write value 0x40 to 0x6002.

Note: JOG triggered by RS485 communication will run continuously only if the trigger interval is less than 50ms, otherwise it can only point operation.

IO trigger JOG:

- Assign JOG+ and JOG- to IO port. Then through input level to trigger JOG function.
- JOG velocity: Pr8.39 (0x6027).
- JOG acceleration time: Pr8.40 (0x6028).
- JOG deceleration time: Pr8.41(0x6029)
- JOG quick stop: write value 0x40 to 0x6002; or trigger forced quick stop input to IO port; or stop giving IO port level if using level trigger method.

Example for JOG+/- and IO Trigger

iEM-RS1706 uses JOG+/JOG- to achieve forward and reverse rotation operation; the running velocity can be set in JOG velocity and JOG velocity 2, then through the external IO signal to realize the two velocity switching. During the is running, the value of velocity can be modified and effect in real time. The path motion can also be triggered by external IO.

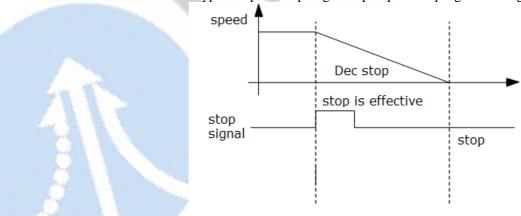
- SI1 is set to enable input by default, normally closed.
- SI2 is set to JOG+, used for positive directional velocity operation.
- SI3 is set to JOG-, used for negative directional velocity operation.
- SI6 is set to JOG velocity 2, used for JOG high and low velocity switching.
- SI4 is set to trigger signal CTRG, which is used to trigger path motion.
- SI5 is set to ADD0, used to select path number.

Note: the value of Pr8.38 is as JOG velocity 2, the value of Pr8.39 is as JOG velocity.

- When SI2 is switched on, the motor runs in the positive direction of JOG velocity.
- When SI3 is switched on, the motor runs in negative JOG velocity.
- When SI6 is switched on, the motor switches to JOG velocity 2 operation.
- If SI2and SI3are not switched on, the motor stops.
- When SI4 is switched on, start running on Path 0, refer to Chapter 4.6.
- When SI5 is switched on, then SI4 on, and start running on Path 1, refer to Chapter 4.6.

5.3.3 Quick Stop

The iEM-RS Series drives have two types of quick stop: digital input quick stop signal and register quick stop.



Quick stop time sequence

Relevant objects:

Register address	Par. # in software	Definition	Range	Default Value	Description
0x6017	Pr8.23	Quick stop time			Deceleration time after quick stop, unit: ms



0x6002 Pr8.0	2 Trigger register	Write value 0x040 E-stop;	
--------------	--------------------	---------------------------	--

5.4 PR Path

The PR path can be run with single segment movement or continuous movement, which includes three operation modes: position mode, velocity mode and homing mode. There are 16 PR paths, and each path sets the operation modes, the target position, the target velocity, the acceleration and deceleration and the pause time, etc.

5.4.1 PR Parameters

Usually, it is recommended using the PTP window of the Leadshine tuning software to configure the PR path parameters, but it

can also use the following objects:

lso use the followi			
Par. # in software	Register Address	Definition	Description
Pr9.00	0x6200	PR path 0	The corresponding functions can be selected for different bit Bit0-3: Operation mode =0 no action =1 position mode =2 velocity mode =3 homing mode; Bit4: INS, =0 No interrupt =1 interrupt(all the current ones are 1.); Bit5: OVLP, =0 Non overlapping =1 Overlapping Bit6: =0absolute position =1relative position Bit8-13: Jump to the corresponding PR path 0-15; bit14: JUMP, =0 No jump =1 jump
Pr9.01	0x6201	Position H	High 16 bit,
Pr9.02	0x6202	Position L	Low 16 bit
Pr9.03	0x6203	velocity	Unit: rpm
Pr9.04	0x6204	Acc	Unit: ms/1000rpm
Pr9.05	0x6205	Dec	Unit: ms/1000rpm
Pr9.06	0x6206	Pause time	Pause time after the command is stopped
Pr9.07	0x6207	Special parameter	PR Path 0 maps directly to Pr8.02, Others are reserved
Pr9.08	0x6208	PR path 1	/
Pr9.09	0x6209	Position	
Pr9.10	0x620A	Position	
Pr9.11	0x620B	velocity	
Pr9.12	0x620C	Acc	
Pr9.13	0x620D	Dec	
Pr9.14	0x620E	Pause time	
Pr9.15	0x620F	Special parameter	
Pr9.16	0x6210	PR path 2	
Pr9.17	0x6211	Position	
Pr9.18 Pr9.19	0x6212 0x6213	Position	
Pr9.19	0x6214	velocity Acc	
Pr9.21	0x6214	Dec	
Pr9.22	0x6216	Pause time	
Pr9.23	0x6217	Special parameter	
***************************************	Similar as above	Similar as above	
Pr9.24- Pr9.31	paths	paths	PR path 3
D 0 22 D 0 20	Similar as above	Similar as above	DD 41.4
Pr9.32- Pr9.39	paths	paths	PR path 4
Pr9.40- Pr9.47	Similar as above paths	Similar as above paths	PR path 5
Pr9.48- Pr9.55	Similar as above	Similar as above	PR path 6



	paths	paths	
Pr9.56- Pr9.63	Similar as above paths	Similar as above paths	PR path 7
Pr9.64- Pr9.71	Similar as above paths	Similar as above paths	PR path 8

5.4.2 PR Path Configuration

If use the digital input ports to configure the PR path, they can be set to ADD0, ADD1, ADD2 and ADD3, thus forming 16-segment PR path, and then trigger the path number to complete the PR motion.

Each digital input of the drive can be configured as any one of ADD0 - ADD3, then combine the path numbers, as shown in the table below, "on" means the digital input is configured as ADDx (x=1-3), and the input signal optocoupler on , "off" means signal input off.

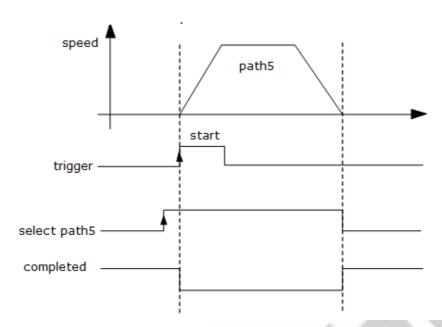
al input off.							
PR path	DI1	DI2	DI3	DI4	DI5		
•	(ADD0)	(ADD1)	(ADD2)	(ADD3)	(CTRG)		
Path 0	off	off	off	off	on		
Path 1	on	off	off	off	on		
Path 2	off	on	off	off	on		
Path 3	on	on	off	off	on		
Path 4	off	off	on	off	on		
Path 5	on	off	on	off	on		
Path 6	off	on	on	off	on		
Path 7	on	on	on	off	on		
Path 8	off	off	off	on	on		
Path 9	on	off	off	on	on		
Path 10	off	on	off	on	on		
Path 11	on	on	off	on	on		
Path 12	off	off	on	on	on		
Path 13	on	off	on	on	on		
Path 14	off	on	on	on	on		
Path 15	on	on	on	on	on		

Note: The 4 digital inputs do not have to be configured as ADD0 - ADD3, it is configured according to the actual required path motions. For example, if only Path0 is needed, refer to the above table, DI1-4 are not required to be configured as ADD0 - ADD3, because they are are "off", only one input needs to be configured as CTRG.

5.4.3 Other functions of PR

Timing sequence of signal path

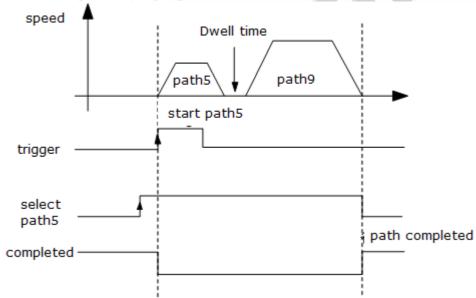




Single path sequence diagram

• 5.5.3 Multi-segment jump

For example: set paths 5 and 9, set path 5 to jump to path 9.



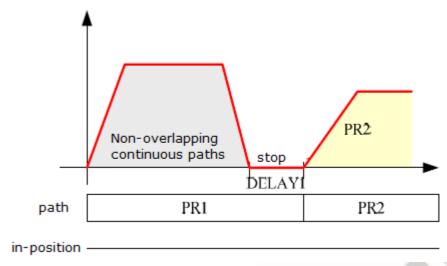
Multi-segment jump path sequence diagram

Continuous movement

The bit 5 of Pr 9.00 is 0, which does not overlap the continuous path.

As shown in the figure below, set PR1 (PR path1) and PR2 (PR path2) to run continuously and PR1 jump. There is no in-position signal in the intermediate delay from PR1 jump to PR2.

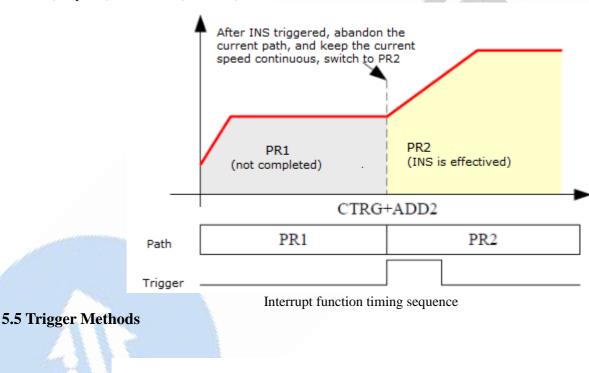


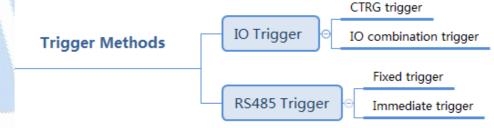


Continuous movement timing sequence (no overlap).

Interrupt function

The interrupt function is the priority of a PR path. Interrupts a valid path means that interrupting and abandoning the current path under trigger, and runs another path directly, which is similar as Interrupt priority of function.. As below example, interrupt the PR1 (PR path1) to run PR2 (PR oath2)





5.5.1 CTRG Trigger

When the path triggered by CTRG, it can be configured for rising edge triggering or double edge triggering. (No falling edge trigger function).



Par. #	Register address	Definition	Description
			Global Control function of PR: Bit0: CTRG =0: Rising edge trigger =1: Double edge trigger;
Pr8.00	0x6000	PR control setting	Bit1: =0: Soft limit is invalid =1: Soft limit is valid; Bit2: =0: homing after power up is invalid =1: homing after power up is valid;

For example: 4-segment PR path

The CTRG trigger method requires not only the configuration of the required number of paths, but also the setting of an additional input to the CTRG signal

- SI4 is set to enable input by default, normally closed.
- SI1 is set to ADD0. normally open,
- SI2 is set to ADD1, normally open,
- Set SI5 as trigger (CTRG).
- When CTRG is on, SI1 and SI2 are off, the path 0 is triggered;
- When CTRG and SI1are on, and SI2 is off, the path 1 is triggered;
- When CTRG and SI2 are on, and SI1 is off, the path 2 is triggered;
- When CTRG, SI1 and SI2 are all on, the path 3 is triggered.

As shown in the table below, on means signal input on, off means signal input off

IO/manina math	SI1	SI2	SI5	
IO/running path	(ADD0)	(ADD1)	(CTRG)	
Path 0	off	off	on	
Path 1	on	off	on	
Path 2	off	on	on	
Path 3	on	on	on	

5.5.2 IO Combination Trigger

The configuration is done by the parameter Pr8.26 Combination trigger mode. With the IO combination trigger, there is no need to set one digital input as the trigger signal (CTRG), which saves IO port and makes the control simpler. After programming the path number, the path can be triggered directly by ADD0-ADD3. (In this mode, PR0 is not available.) The parameter Pr8.26=2 enables this function.

Par. #	Register address	Definition	Description
Pr8.26	0x601A	10 combination	0: Turn off IO combination trigger 1: Enable IO combination trigger, return to zero OK to be effective 2: Enable IO combination trigger, no need to return to zero

For example: 3-Segment PR Path

Path configuration example:

- SI1 is set to enable input by default, normally closed.
- SI2 is set to ADD0, normally closed, means ADD0 is "on".



- After triggering SI3, then SI2, SI3, SI4 are "on, on, off", the path 3 is triggered.
- After triggering SI3 and SI4, then SI2, SI3, SI4 are "on, on, on", the path 7 is triggered.
- If SI2 and SI3 are "off", and only SI1 is "on", the path 1 is triggered. If the velocity of path 1 is 0, i.e. the motor stops immediately.

Path number	SI2(ADD0)	SI3(ADD1)	SI4(ADD2)
Path 1	ON	OFF	OFF
Path 2	OFF	ON	OFF
Path 3	ON	ON	OFF
Path 4	OFF	OFF	ON
Path 5	ON	OFF	ON
Path 6	OFF	ON	ON
Path 7	ON	ON	ON

Note: "on" the input signal optocoupler on, "off" means signal optocoupler off.

5.5.3 Fixed Trigger

Fixed trigger mode is after configuring homing and path (less than 16-segment), then use Pr8.02(0x6002) to start the operation path which replace IO functions of CTRG and HOME. This method is suitable for systems with fixed and simple motion. (Recommended).

Steps as below:

- 1. Firstly, configure required homing and path, it can be set through controller/PLC software after power-on, or through Leadshine PC software;
- 2. Enable drive;
- 3. Write corresponding command to the 0x6002 to realize the selection and startup of each action.

Par. #	Register address	Definition	Description
			Write corresponding command to the 0x6002 to realize the selection and startup of each action. Write value 0x01PP-segment positioning, (P indicates path #0-15); Write value 0x020 Homing; (edge triggered) Write value 0x021 Set the current position as origin by manual; Write value 0x040 E-stop;
Pr8.02	0x6002		Read value 0x000 Positioning is completed and new data can be received; Read value 0x01P, 0x020, 0x040 Not responding to the command; Read value 0x10P Path is running; Read value 0x200 Command is completed and waiting for positioning. Note: (P indicates path NO. 0-15);

5.5.4 Immediate Trigger

The immediate trigger method means that each time the current path 0(PR0) is written, the run of PR0 is triggered in real time.



The position & velocity& homing and so on are achieved through one data frame. This method uses PR0 to implement, which has 8 data, the last parameter Pr9.07 is mapped to Pr8.02, writing value 0x10 to it will trigger PR0 motion immediately, thus

realizing the immediate trigger operation.

Order	Sending	message (Master->Sl	ave)		Return m	nessage (Slave->Master)
1	ID	Slave ID.	0-31		ID	Sub-station No.	0-31
2	FC	Function code	0x10		FC	Function code	0x10
3	A DDD	A 11	0x62		ADDD	A 11	0x62
4	ADDR	Address	0x00		ADDR	Address	0x00
5		NI 1 CXX 1	0x00		NIT IN #	Actually written	0x00
6	NUM1	Number of Word	0x08		NUM	Number of	0x08
7	NUM2	Number of Drite	0x10		CRC	check code	Lo
/	NUMZ	Number of Byte	UX1U		CRC	cneck code	Hi
8-9	Pr9.00	Mode	XXXX				
10-11	Pr9.01	High position	XXXX		•	The state of the s	
12-13	Pr9.02	Low position	XXXX				
14-15	Pr9.03	velocity	XXXX				
16-17	Pr9.04	Acceleration	XXXX		100		
18-19	Pr9.05	Deceleration	XXXX	1			
20-21	Pr9.06	Delay time	XXXX	1			
22-23	Pr9.07	Trigger control	0x0010				
24	GD G		Lo				
25	CRC	Check code	Hi				

For example:

PR0: velocity 200 rpm, distance 10000 p

Master sending: 07 10 62 00 00 08 10 00 01 00 00 27 10 00 00 27 10 27 10 00 00 00 10 8D 50

Drive return: 07 10 62 00 00 08 DE 11



6 Tuning Operations

There are three kinds of tuning operations for iEM-RS Series:

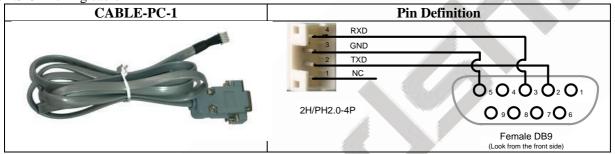
- (1) Through the trial run function of Leadshine's MotionStudio software,
- (2) Through the PR function of Leadshine's MotionStudio software,
- (3) Through the general serial port tool software.

6.1 Basic operation of Leadshine MotionStudio

This uses RS232 communication to control the motor, The Leadshine MotionStudio software currently available is version 1.3.10, which supports Windows 7 and Windows 10 systems.

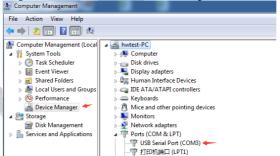
6.1.1 Preparation and Steps

(1) RS232 Tuning cable



It is recommended that users order this cable directly from Leadshine, not to make it yourself

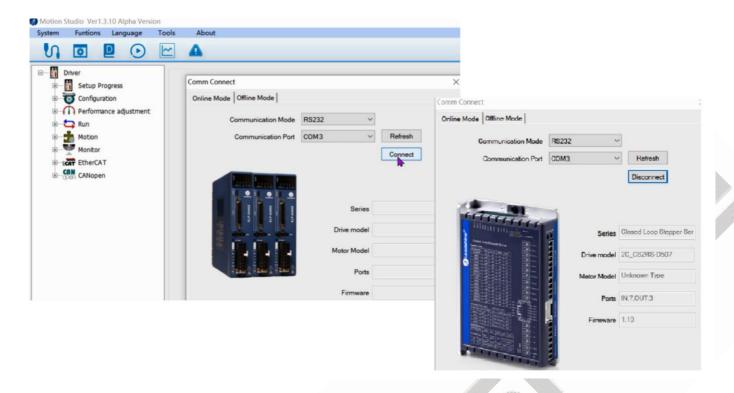
- (2) USB to RS232 converter, sometimes it needs to manually install the drive program.
- (3) COM port selection, as shown in the figure below, the communication port is COM3:

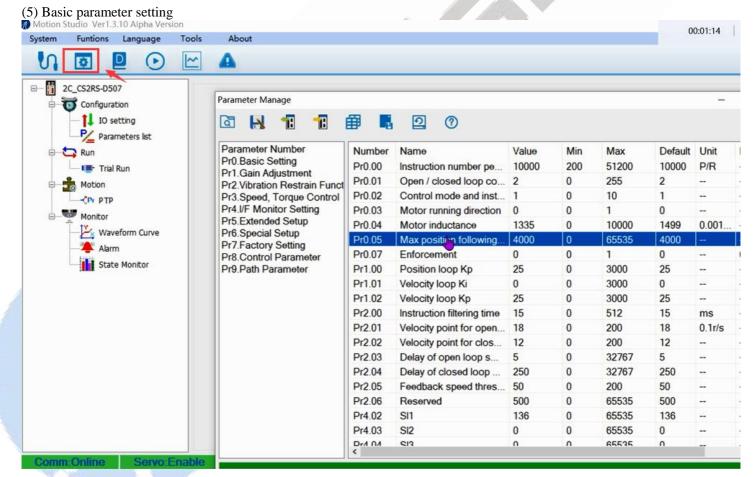


(4) Connect tuning software

Select COM3, do not select baud rate and device number, keep the default settings. After clicking connect, it will display the driver model. The number of ports and other information, and the lower left corner of the color block turns green, indicating that the connection has been successful.

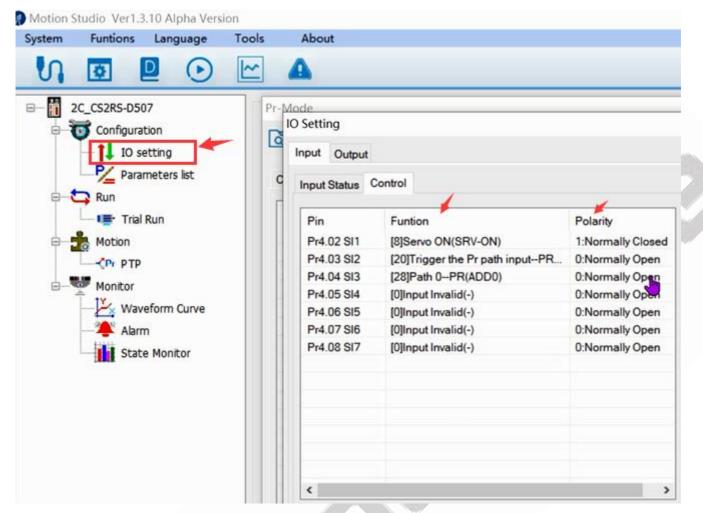




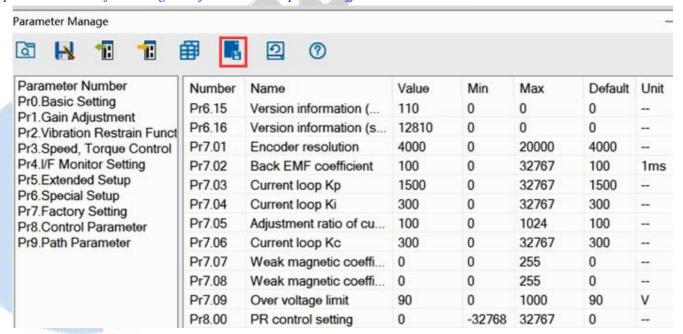


(6) Input and output function and polarity setting





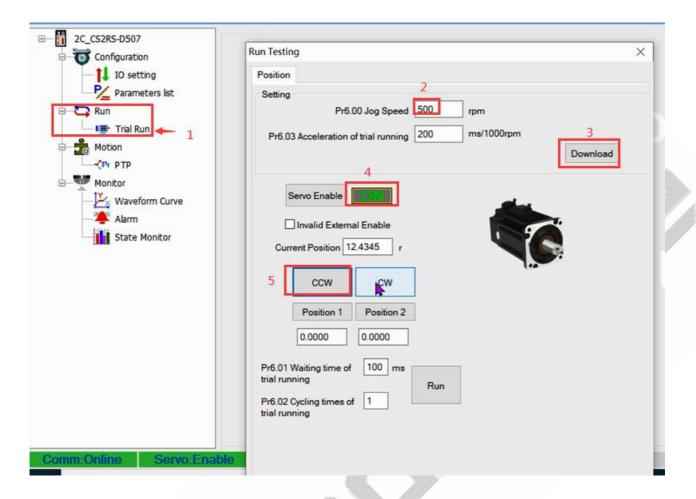
Note: After setting the parameters, click "OK". Then, in the parameter management window, click the Save button to prevent the parameter values from being lost after the drive is powered off.



6.1.2 Operation of Trial Run

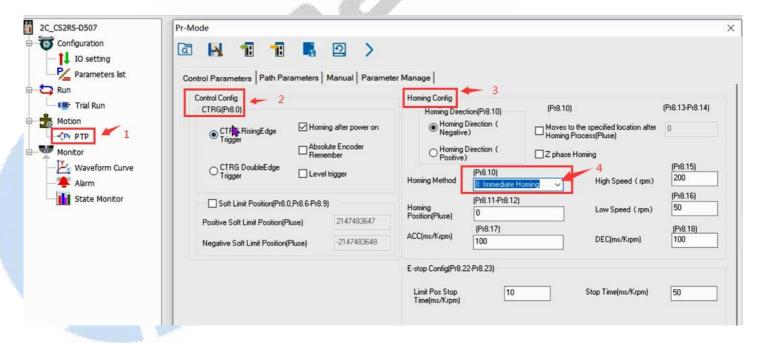
Trial run lets the motor to achieve forward and reverse rotation, or repeat motion. The operation steps are as follows





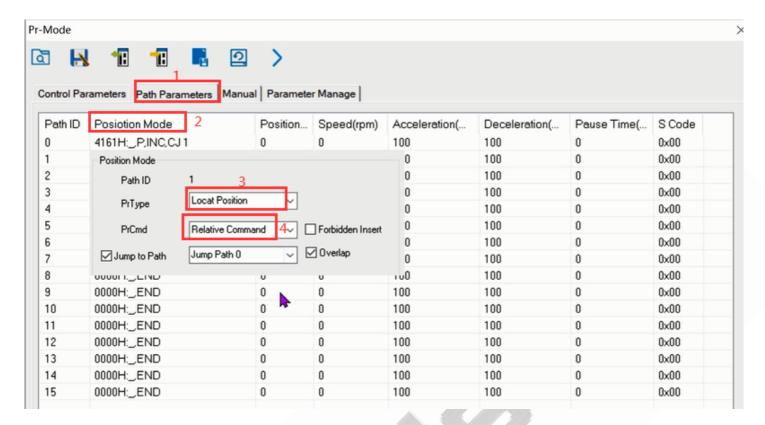
6.1.3 Operation of PR Function

(1) This window can set the CTGR trigger and Homing parameters of PR motion:

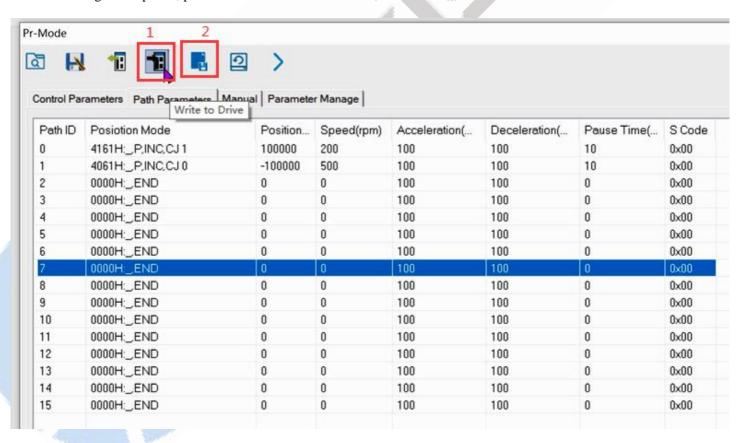


(2) This window is the PR path parameter setting, including operation mode, target position, speed value, etc. Double click to modify parameters.





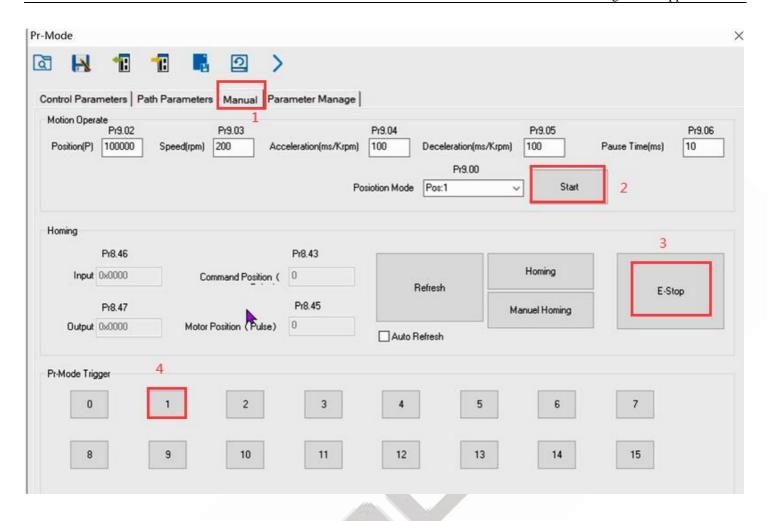
After the setting is completed, please click to download and save, as follows



(3) Manually run the PR path

As shown in the figure below, the default is the motion parameter of PR0. As long as click Start, the motor will run according to the path of PR0. If click PR1 in step 4, the motor will be forced to switch to the path of PR1. Click step 3 to stop motor.





6.2 Basic Operation of Serial Port Tools Software

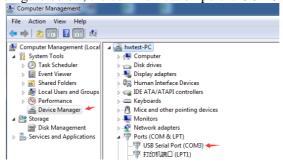
This is to control the motor through RS485 communication, user can realize the movement of the motor by sending commands to the corresponding registers.

6.2.1 Preparation and Steps

(1) RS485 tuning cable



(2) COM port selection, as shown in the figure below, the communication port is COM3:





(4) Connect tuning software

Select COM3, select the same baud rate as the drive settings. After clicking connect.



6.2.2 Operation Instruction Format

Data format: Here is an example of setting the PR0 path: (Data is in hexadecimal)

Slave ID	Function Code	Register Address	Value to Write	CRC			
01	06 (Preset single register)	62 00 (PR0 operation mode setting)	00 41 (Set PR mode to relative position mode)	56 42 (Automatically generated by the serial port tool software)			
A complete command 01 06 62 00 00 41 56 42							

6.2.3 Command Cases of Modbus RTU

(1) Set PR0 to go absolute position mode, running distance 200000p (microstep 10000)

Commands:

01 06 62 00 00 00 01 57 B2 Set PR0 mode to absolute position mode

 01 06 62 01 00 03 87 B3
 Set PR0 position high

 01 06 62 02 0D 40 32 D2
 Set PR0 position low

 01 06 62 03 02 58 66 E8
 Set PR0 speed value

 01 06 62 04 00 32 56 66
 Set PR0 acceleration

01 06 62 05 00 32 07 A6 Set PR0 deceleration velocity

01 06 60 02 00 10 37 C6 Trigger PR0 motion

Send when you need to stop:

01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA Emergency stop

(2) Set PR0 to go relative position mode, running distance 10000p (microstep 10000) Commands:



01 06 62 00 00 41 56 42 Set PR mode to relative position mode

 01 06 62 01 00 00 C7 B2
 Set PR0 position high

 01 06 62 02 27 10 2D 8E
 Set PR0 position low

 01 06 62 03 02 58 66 E8
 Set PR0 velocity

 01 06 62 04 00 32 56 66
 Set PR0 acceleration

01 06 62 05 00 32 07 A6 Set PR0 deceleration velocity

01 06 60 02 00 10 37 C6 Trigger PR0 motion

Send when you need to stop:

01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA Emergency stop

(3) Set PR0 to go in velocity mode, velocity is 300rpm

Commands:

01 06 62 00 00 00 02 17 B3 Set PR0 to velocity mode 01 06 62 03 01 2C 66 3F Set PR0 speed value 01 06 60 02 00 10 37 C6 Trigger PR0 motion

Send when you need to stop:

01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA Emergency stop

(4) Set PR1 to go absolute position mode, running distance -200000p (microstep is 10000)

Commands:

 01 06 62 08 00 01 D6 70
 Set PR1 mode

 01 06 62 09 FF FC 07 C1
 Set PR1 position high

 01 06 62 0A F2 C0 F3 40
 Set PR1 position low

 01 06 62 0B 02 58 E7 2A
 Set PR1 speed value

 01 06 62 0C 00 32 D7 A4
 Set PR1 acceleration

 01 06 62 0D 00 32 86 64
 Set PR1 deceleration

 01 06 60 02 00 11 F6 06
 Trigger PR1 motion

Send when you need to stop:

01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA Emergency stop

(Note: -200000 is converted to hexadecimal as FFFCF2C0. You can enter the minus sign first, then 200000, and then enter the minus sign again to display FFFCF2C0)

(5) Set PR1 go velocity mode, speed value is 200rpm (microstep is 10000)

Commands:

01 06 62 08 00 02 96 71 Sets PR1 to velocity mode
01 06 62 0B 01 2C E7 FD Set PR1 speed value
01 06 60 02 00 11 F6 06 Trigger PR1 motion

Send when you need to stop:

01 06 60 02 00 40 37 FA Emergency stop

(6) Homing

Commands:

 01 06 60 0A 00 00 B7 C8
 Set homing method

 01 06 60 0F 00 64 A6 22
 Set homing speed high

 01 06 60 10 00 1E 16 07
 Set homing speed low

 01 06 60 02 00 20 37 D2
 Trigger Homing

Appendix A Parameters List

1. Modbus RTU Parameters

The Leadshine RS485 parameter data type is 32-bit data, and a parameter contains two registers, high 16 bits and low 16 bits, but in practice most parameters only need to use the low 16 bits. When reading and writing multiple parameters in succession, the high 16 bits of the parameter need to be used as the start.

	Register Address	Software Parameter No.	Name	Description	Range	Default Value	Unit
	0x0001	Pr0.00	Pulse/revolution	10000	200-51200	10000	P/R
ĺ	0x0005	Pr0.02	Control mode source	Invalid	0-10	1	



					1	
0x0007	Pr0.03	Motor direction	0:CW	0-1	0	
			1:CCW			0.001m
0x0009	Pr0.04	Motor inductance	Invalid	0-10000	1499	Н
0x00F	Pr0.07	Forced enable by software	Software forced enable has a higher priority than IO enable, and when this value is 0, the enable status of the drive only depends on the IO signal. When this value is 1, the motor is enabled regardless of the IO signal status.	0-1	0	
0x00A1	Pr2.00	Command filter time	To configure the time for internal command filtering	0-512	15	0.1ms
0x0145	Pr4.02	DI1(input 1)	Default is normal-open(N.O) type, it can be set to normal-closed(N.C) type by setting the corresponding port +0x80	0-65535	136 (0x88)	
0x0147	Pr4.03	DI2(input 2)	DI1 is enable(default), N.C type input. 0: invalid; 7: alarm clearing; 8: enable (also can be set by 0x00F);	0-65535	0	-
0x0149	Pr4.04	DI3(input 3)	0x20: Trigger command; 0x21: Trigger homing; 0x22: EMG (quick stop);	0-65535	0	
0x014B	Pr4.05	DI4(input 4)	0x23: JOG+; 0x24: JOG-; 0x25: POT (positive limit); 0x26: NOT (negative limit);	0-65535	0	
0x014D	Pr4.06	DI5(input 5)	0x26: NO1 (negative limit); 0x27: ORG (home switch); 0x28: ADD0 (path address 0); 0x29: ADD1 (path address 1);	0-65535	0	
0x014F	Pr4.07	DI6(input 6)	0x2A: ADD1 (path address 1); 0x2B: ADD3 (path address 2); 0x2B: ADD3 (path address 3); 0x2C: JOG velocity 2	0-65535	0	
0x0151	Pr4.08	DI7(input 7)		0-65535	0	
0x0157	Pr4.11	DO1(output 1)	Default is normal-open(N.O) type, it can be set to normal-closed(N.C) type by setting the corresponding port +0x80 0: invalid:	0-65535	0	
0x0159	Pr4.12	DO2(output 2)	0x20: command completed; 0x21: path completed; 0x22: homing completed;	0-65535	0	
0x015B	Pr4.13	DO3(output 3)	0x23: in-position completed; 0x24: brake output; 0x25: alarm output;	0-65535	0	
0x0167	Pr4.19	Delay of brake released	Keep default normally	0-1500	250	ms
0x0169	Pr4.20	Delay of brake locked	Keep default normally	0-1500	250	ms
0x016B	Pr4.21	Threshold value of brake locking velocity	Keep default normally	0-500	10	
0x016D	Pr4.22	Alarm detection selection	Bit setting: =1: Yes; =0: No bit0: over-current (Cannot be changed) bit1: over-voltage bit3: ADC sampling failure bit4: Locked shaft alarm bit5: EEPROM alarm bit6: Auto-tuning alarm	0-65535	0	
0x0177	Pr4.27	Bus voltage		0-65535	0	0.1V
0x0179 0x017B	Pr4.28 Pr4.29	Digital input statue Digital output statue	Bit0-Bit6: DI1-DI7 Bit0-Bit2: DO1-DO3	0-65535 0-65535	0	
0x017B	Pr4.35	DIP switches statue	BR0 BR2. B01 B03	0-65535	0	
0x0191	Pr5.00	Peak current	Approximately equal to motor phase current value multiplied by 1.4	0-30 0-70	22 for iEM-RS17xx 45 for iEM-RS2313 60 for	0.1A
	10 M	A STATE OF THE STA			iEM-RS2323	
0x019F	Pr5.07	Rising time of shaft locked current (power on)	Keep default normally	1-60	1	100ms
0x01A5	Pr5.10	The max stop time	Keep default normally	100-1000	1000	ms
0x01AB	Pr5.13	Auto-tuning at power on	0: disable, 1: enable	0-1	1	
0x01BD	Pr5.22	RS485 baud rate	0: 2400 1: 4800 2: 9600 (default) 3: 19200 4: 38400 (factory) 5: 57600 6: 115200 When SW6 and SW7 are all OFF, it can be set by	0-6	4	
0x01BF	Pr5.23	RS485 ID	PC software. When SW1 - SW5 are all ON, it can be set by PC	0-127	1	
OXUIDE	113.23	M3407 ID	when swi - sws are all ON, it call be set by PC	U-12/	1	I



			software				
			0: 8-bit data, even check, 2 stop bits;				
		RS485 data type selection	1: 8-bit data, odd check, 2 stop bits				
0x01C1	Pr5.24		2: 8-bit data, even che	ck, 1 stop bit;	0-11	4	0 5 bit 00 ms 0 r/min 00 ms 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
		.s. tat I in the percentage	3: 8-bit data, odd ched	ck, 1 stop bit:			
			4: 8-bit data, no check	•			
			5: 8-bit data, no check				
0x01C3	Pr5.25	RS485 control word			0-32767	0	
0x01C4	Pr5.26	Communication bit delay			0-100	35	bit
0x01D1	Pr5.32	Switching time to standby			10-65535	200	ms
0x01D3	Pr5.33	Standby current percentage			0-100	50	
0x01E1 0x01E3	Pr6.00 Pr6.01	JOG velocity Interval	This JOG is triggered by RS485.		0-5000 0-10000	100	
0x01E5	Pr6.02	Running times	For JOG triggered by IO, please use Pr8.40/8.41		0-30000	100	
0x01E7	Pr6.03	Acc. / Dec. time			0-10000	200	
0x01FF	Pr6.15	Version information	Read only		0-65535	0	
0x0201	Pr6.16	Firmware information	Read only		0-65535	0	
0x0231	Pr7.00	Motor model	Invalid		0-100	0	
0x0235	Pr7.02 Pr7.03	Back EMF coefficient	Invalid Invalid		0-32767	100	_
0x0237 0x0239	Pr7.03 Pr7.04	Current loop proportional KP Current loop KI		keep the factory value, when	0-3000 0-1500	300	
0x023B	Pr7.05	Current loop KP	disable auto-tuning, c		0-1024	100	
0x023D	Pr7.06	Current loop Kc	Invalid		0-32767	300	
0x0243	Pr7.09	Over-voltage threshold	Invalid		0-1000	90	V
			Read only:				
			Bit NO.	Read value =1 means			
	-	Motion status	Bit0	Fault			
0x1003			Bit1 Bit2	Enable Running			
0X1003			Bit4 Command completed			-	
			Bit5	Path completed			
			Bit6	Homing completed			
	-						
			Write value	Function			
			0x1111 Reset current alarm 0x1122 Reset history alarm 0x2211 Save all parameters to EEPROM 0x2222 Parameter reset(exclude motor parameters)				
		Control word					
0x1801			0x2233 All I	parameters are reset to	-	-	
			Tactory				
				all mappings into			
			EEPROM JOG CW (Need to write once at				
			()\$2()()	50ms)			
			700	CCW (Need to write once			
			at le	ast 50ms)			
	-	- Save parameter status word	Read only				
0.1001			Read Value	Means Save successfully			
0x1901			0x5555 0xAAAA	Failed to save	-	-	
			UAAAAA	ranca to save			
		Current alarm	Read only				
3,5			Error code	Means			
4.7			0x01	Over- current			
7 %			0x02	Over- voltage			
0x2203			0x40	Current sampling fault			
Mary 3			0x80	Failed to lock shaft			
1350-4			0x200	EEPROM fault	[
130.4			0x100	Auto-tuning fault			

2. PR Parameters: PR parameter data type is 16-bit data, one parameter occupies one register (one 16-bit register = 2 8-bit bytes).

the state of the s					
Parameter NO. in PC software	Register Address	Name	Description		
Pr8.00	0x6000	PR global control function	Bit0: CTRG effective edge. 0rising edge, 1double edges Bit1: Soft limit 0disable, 1enable Bit2: Homing after power on. 0no, 1yes Bit4: CTRG trigger type. 0refer to bit0, 1level trigger		



			(1) Write commands to 0x6002 to select and trigger each action:
Pr8.02	0x6002	DD commod with the	Write 0x1P ("P" = 0-15), run the path P motion; Write 0x20, homing; Write 0x21, manually set to zero position; Write 0x40, quick stop;
PT8.02	0x6002	PR control register	(2) Read 0x6002 can check the running path NO. and status: Return "0x000P", path P motion complete, can receive new motion command; Return "0x001P or 0020 or 0040", not yet responding to commands; Return 0x010P, path P motion is running; Return 0x0200, command completed and waiting for positioning; Return 0x020P, a position following error during path P;
Pr8.06	0x6006	Limit+ H	Soft limit positive high bits
Pr8.07	0x6007	Limit+ L	Soft limit positive low bits
Pr8.08	0x6008	Limit- H	Soft limit negative high bits
Pr8.09	0x6009	Limit- L	Soft limit negative low bits
Pr8.10	0x600A	Homing mode	Bit0: homing direction, 0CW, 1CCW; Bit1: Whether to move to the specified position after homing, 0no, 1yes; Bit2: homing method, 0limit switch homing, 1home switch homing, Note: (1) Write 0x21 to 0x6002, manually set the current point to zero position) (2) Other methods are not valid
Pr8.15	0x600F	Homing high velocity	The 1 st segment velocity of homing, unit: rpm
Pr8.16	0x6010	Homing low velocity	The 2 nd segment velocity of homing, unit: rpm
Pr8.17	0x6011	Homing Acc	Acc of homing, unit: ms/1000rpm
Pr8.18	0x6012	Homing Dec	Dec of homing, unit: ms/1000rpm
Pr8.19	0x6015	Homing over-travel	If setting a value, the motor stops when reaches this set distance even if homing is not completed.
Pr8.22	0x6016	Limit switch Dec. time	Deceleration time after reaching limit switch, unit: ms
Pr8.23	0x6017	STOP time	Deceleration time after quick stop, unit: ms
Pr8.26	0x601A	IO combination trigger mode selection	Disable IO combination triggering (factory) Enable IO combination triggering, activated after homing is completed Enable IO combination triggering, nothing to do with homing (recommended).
Pr8.27	0x601B	IO combination filter time	Unit: ms
Pr8.28	0x601C	S code current output value	-
Pr8.29	0x601D	Read PR Warning	0: Automatic zeroing of new commands 0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15)
Pr8.29 Pr8.38	0x601D 0x6026	Read PR Warning JOG velocity 2	0x100: Limit switch error during homing
			0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15)
Pr8.38	0x6026	JOG velocity 2	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm
Pr8.38 Pr8.39	0x6026 0x6027	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) IOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) IOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L Actual position H	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L Actual position H Actual position H	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45 Pr8.48	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L Actual position H Actual position H S-code output setting for Path 0	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45 Pr8.48 Pr8.49	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D 0x6030 0x6031	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L Actual position H Actual position H S-code output setting for Path 0 S-code output setting for Path 1	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45 Pr8.48 Pr8.49 Pr8.50	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D 0x6030 0x6031 0x6032	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L Actual position H S-code output setting for Path 0 S-code output setting for Path 1 S-code output setting for Path 2	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45 Pr8.48 Pr8.49 Pr8.50 Pr8.51	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D 0x6030 0x6031 0x6032 0x6033	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L Actual position H Actual position H S-code output setting for Path 0 S-code output setting for Path 1 S-code output setting for Path 2 S-code output setting for Path 3	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45 Pr8.48 Pr8.49 Pr8.50 Pr8.51 Pr8.52	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D 0x6030 0x6031 0x6032 0x6033 0x6034	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L Actual position H S-code output setting for Path 0 S-code output setting for Path 1 S-code output setting for Path 2 S-code output setting for Path 3 S-code output setting for Path 4	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45 Pr8.48 Pr8.49 Pr8.50 Pr8.51 Pr8.52 Pr8.53	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D 0x6030 0x6031 0x6032 0x6033 0x6034 0x6035	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L Actual position H S-code output setting for Path 0 S-code output setting for Path 2 S-code output setting for Path 3 S-code output setting for Path 4 S-code output setting for Path 5	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45 Pr8.48 Pr8.49 Pr8.50 Pr8.51 Pr8.52 Pr8.53 Pr8.54	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D 0x6030 0x6031 0x6032 0x6033 0x6034 0x6035 0x6036	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L Actual position H Actual position H S-code output setting for Path 0 S-code output setting for Path 1 S-code output setting for Path 3 S-code output setting for Path 4 S-code output setting for Path 5 S-code output setting for Path 5 S-code output setting for Path 5	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. How 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45 Pr8.48 Pr8.49 Pr8.50 Pr8.51 Pr8.52 Pr8.53 Pr8.54 Pr8.55	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D 0x6030 0x6031 0x6032 0x6033 0x6034 0x6035 0x6036 0x6037	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L Actual position H S-code output setting for Path 0 S-code output setting for Path 1 S-code output setting for Path 3 S-code output setting for Path 4 S-code output setting for Path 5 S-code output setting for Path 5 S-code output setting for Path 6 S-code output setting for Path 6	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. How 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45 Pr8.48 Pr8.49 Pr8.50 Pr8.51 Pr8.52 Pr8.53 Pr8.54 Pr8.55 Pr8.55	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D 0x6030 0x6031 0x6032 0x6033 0x6034 0x6035 0x6036 0x6037 0x6038	JOG velocity 2 JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position L Actual position H S-code output setting for Path 0 S-code output setting for Path 1 S-code output setting for Path 3 S-code output setting for Path 4 S-code output setting for Path 5 S-code output setting for Path 5 S-code output setting for Path 6 S-code output setting for Path 7 S-code output setting for Path 7	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45 Pr8.48 Pr8.49 Pr8.50 Pr8.51 Pr8.52 Pr8.53 Pr8.54 Pr8.55 Pr8.56 Pr8.57	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D 0x6030 0x6031 0x6032 0x6033 0x6034 0x6035 0x6036 0x6037 0x6038 0x6039	JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position H Actual position H S-code output setting for Path 0 S-code output setting for Path 1 S-code output setting for Path 3 S-code output setting for Path 4 S-code output setting for Path 5 S-code output setting for Path 5 S-code output setting for Path 6 S-code output setting for Path 7 S-code output setting for Path 8 S-code output setting for Path 8 S-code output setting for Path 9	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing
Pr8.38 Pr8.39 Pr8.40 Pr8.41 Pr8.42 Pr8.43 Pr8.44 Pr8.45 Pr8.48 Pr8.49 Pr8.50 Pr8.51 Pr8.52 Pr8.53 Pr8.54 Pr8.55 Pr8.56 Pr8.57 Pr8.58	0x6026 0x6027 0x6028 0x6029 0x602A 0x602B 0x602C 0x602D 0x6030 0x6031 0x6032 0x6033 0x6034 0x6035 0x6036 0x6037 0x6038 0x6039 0x603A	JOG velocity JOG Acceleration JOG Deceleration Profile position H Profile position H Actual position H S-code output setting for Path 0 S-code output setting for Path 1 S-code output setting for Path 3 S-code output setting for Path 4 S-code output setting for Path 5 S-code output setting for Path 6 S-code output setting for Path 7 S-code output setting for Path 8 S-code output setting for Path 8 S-code output setting for Path 9 S-code output setting for Path 9 S-code output setting for Path 9	0x100: Limit switch error during homing 0x102: Homing over-travel error 0x20P: Limit switch error in Path P (P=1-15) JOG triggered by external I/O signal, Unit: rpm Unit: rpm Unit: ms/1000rpm Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. High 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing Read only. Low 16-bit (0-65535), it will be cleared after successful homing



Pr8.62	0x603E	S-code output setting for Path 14	
Pr8.63	0x603F	S-code output setting for Path 15	
Pr9.00	0x6200	Motion of Path 0	The corresponding functions can be selected for different bit Bit0-3: TYPE, =0 no action =1 position positioning =2 velocity movement =3 homing; Bit4: INS, =0 No interrupt =1 interrupt(all the current ones are 1.); Bit5: OVLP, =0 Non overlapping =1 Overlapping Bit6: =0absolute position =1relative Commands Bit8-13: Jump to the corresponding PR path 0-15; bit14: JUMP, =0 No jump =1 jump
Pr9.01	0x6201	Position H	High 16 bit,
Pr9.02	0x6202	Position L	Low 16 bit
Pr9.03	0x6203	velocity	Unit: rpm
Pr9.04	0x6204	Acc	Unit: ms/1000rpm
Pr9.05	0x6205	Dec	Unit: ms/1000rpm
Pr9.06	0x6206	Pause time	Pause time after the command is stopped
Pr9.07	0x6207	Special parameter	PR Path 0 maps directly to Pr8.02, Others are reserved
Pr9.08	0x6208	Motion of Path 1	
Pr9.09	0x6209	Position H	
Pr9.10	0x620A	Position L	 /
Pr9.11	0x620B	velocity	
Pr9.12	0x620C	Acc	-
Pr9.13	0x620D	Dec	-
Pr9.14	0x620E	Pause time	_
Pr9.15	0x620F	Special parameter	-
Pr9.16	0x6210	Motion of Path 2	
Pr9.17	0x6211	Position H	
Pr9.18	0x6212	Position L	
Pr9.19	0x6213	velocity	
Pr9.20	0x6214	Acc	
Pr9.21	0x6215	Dec	
Pr9.22	0x6216	Pause time	
Pr9.23	0x6217	Special parameter	
Pr9.24- Pr9.31	Similar as above paths	Similar as above paths	Each path has 8 data
Pr9.32- Pr9.39	Similar as above paths	Similar as above paths	Each path has 8 data
Pr9.40- Pr9.47	Similar as above paths		Each path has 8 data
Pr9.48- Pr9.55	Similar as above paths		Each path has 8 data
Pr9.56- Pr9.63	Similar as above paths		Each path has 8 data
Pr9.64- Pr9.71	Similar as above paths	Similar as above paths	Each path has 8 data